		a FOEIVÉT	)		,	File 2/17/19 0	
	ADMIN. USE ONLY ments-date & S or M	FEB 1 6 199	TIMBER H	ARVESTING		FOR ADMIN. USE ONLY	d
1	7	• —	DEPARTME	INT OF FORESTRY		THP No. 1-98-415 MEN	
2.	7 DE 8	NDOCINO CO	UNTY RI	M-63 (1-98)		Dates Rec'd <b>DEC 0 7 1998</b>	
	9.					JAN 0 5 1999	
		<del></del>				Date Filed JAN 1 5 1999	
	10	<del></del>		•		Date Approved FEB 10 1999	
	11	<del></del>	If this is a M	odified THP, check	box	Date Expires FEB 9 2002	
6	12		•	[ ]		Extensions 1) [ ] 2) [	1
typewri appropri question	ridies. See separate in tten. The THP is divide iate section of your TH ns by font change, bold	nstructions for informations and into six sections.  IP. If writing an eled or underline.	If more space is no ctronic version, ins	ing this form. NOT ecessary to answer ert additional space	TE: The form must r a question, conti e for your answer.	Practice Act (FPA) and Board of t be printed legibly in ink or nue the answer at the end of the Please distinguish answers from	
uie Dire	TIMBER OWNER(S	of RECORD: N	is or her agents an st Practice Rules.	d employees, to er	g in accordance the	erewith. Consent is hereby given to be inspect timber operations for	
	Address PO BOX	( 188		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
х Х	NOTE: The timber Division, State Board	SEE Letto owner is responsible of Equalization, P.O.	e for payment of a D. Box 942879, Sa	yield tax. Timber cramento, Californ	Date	Phone (707) 894-5676	ax
2.	TIMBERLAND OWI	NER(S) OF RECOF	RD: Name1	1r. Fred Galbreat	h		_
	Address P.O.	Box 188					
	City Kentfield	s	tate CA	Zip	94904	Phone (707) 894-5676	
X	Signature	Was	link		Date	lov 28 498	
3.	LICENSED TIMBER	OPERATOR(S):	Name <u>Charles Hi</u>	iatt		Lic. No A-7493	_
	(If Address PO BOX	unknown, so state 595	. You must notify	CDF of LTO prior t	o start of operation	ns)	
	City Boonville	Si	ate CA	Zip 954	15 Phone	(707) 895-2403	
	Signature				Date	(707) 000-2400	_
	PLAN SUBMITTER(	S): Name Cl	naries Hiatt				_
•	AddressPO			$\overline{\Omega}$			_
	City Boonville		ate CA	Zip S	95415	Phone (707) 805 3400	_
	(If submitter	is not 1, 2, or 3 at		ign below and prov	vide explanation of	Phone <u>(707) 895-2403</u> authority.)	
*	Signature	111	100	<i>xo</i>	Date	NOU 25 1998	
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COAST AREA OFFICE 1 RESOURCE MANAGEMEN DEC 07 1998

COAST AREA OFFICE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

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5.	a. L	ust personust be	on to contact or provided for inc	n-site who is resp lusion in the THI	oonsible for the prior to start o	conduct of the ope f timber operations	ration. If unknown, so s	tate and name		
	Name	Lee S	Susan							
	Addre	ess	16575 Fran	klin Rd.						
	City_	Fort	Bragg	StateCA	A	ip <u>95437</u> Ph	one <u>(707) 964-4566</u>			
	b. [>	b. [X] Yes [] No Will the timber operator be employed for the construction and maintenance of roads and landings during conduct of timber operations? If no, who is responsible								
	, c. Wi W	ho is res ork Com	ponsible for ero pletion Report?	sion control mair If not LTO, the	ntenance after t n written agreer	mber operations ha nent must be provi	ave ceased and until certi ded per 1050 (c).	fication of the		
			Timber Oper	ator						
6.	a.	Exped	ted date of con	nmencement of t	imber operation	s:				
		[X] da	ite of THP confe	ormance, or []_		(date)				
	b.			pletion of timbe						
7.	The tir	[X] 3 mber ope	years from date eration will occu	of THP conform	nance, or [ ]	(da	ate)			
	[X] CO [] Sou	AST FO	REST DISTRICT ubdistrict of the	Coast F.D.	[] The Tah	[ ] The Tahoe Regional Planning Authority Jurisdiction [ ] A County with Special Regulations, identify:				
			FOREST DISTR		[] Special	Treatment Area(s),	identify:			
	[] NOF	RTHERN	FOREST DISTR	іст	[] Other					
8.	Locatio	n of the	timber operation	n by legal descri	ption:			••		
	Base ar	nd Merid	ian:	[X] Mount D	iablo []	Humboldt	[ ] San Bernardino			
	<u>Section</u> 1522	1	Township 12N 12N	Range 13W 13W	Acreage 26	<u>County</u> <u>Mendocino</u>	Assessor's Parcel Nu	ımber*		
		<del>-</del>			24	Mendocino				
		TC	TAL ACREAGE	50 (Loggin	ng Area Only)		* Optional			
	Planning	g Waters	shed(s) (Optiona	ıi)						
9.	[] Yes	[X] No	Has a Timberl	and Conversion	been submitted:	If yes, list expec	ted approval date or perm	nit number		
10.							nber; Date	app.		
						not approved? N				

12.	If yes, identify t									
12.		ne IHP or NIMP num	nber(s):							
	[X] Yes [] No [X] Yes [] No	Is a Notice of Intent If yes was the Notic	necessary for this THP? e of Intent posted as requir	red by14 CCR 1032.7 (g)?	4					
13.	RPF preparing th	ne THP: Name <u>Lee</u>	Susan		RPF Number 2127					
	Address 165	Address 16575 Franklin Rd.								
				Zip <u>95437</u> Phone _						
a.		of the Forest Practice I have notified the ti the Forest Practice A	e Rules. Imber owner and the timber	of their responsibilities pursual rland owner of their responsibine stocking requirements of the e rules.	ilities for compliance with					
b.	[X] Yes [] No	I will provide the tim 14 CCR 1035 (e). I	nber operator with a copy of "no", who will provide the	f the portions of the approved e LTO a copy of the approved	I THP as listed in THP?					
c.	I have the follow	sensitive conditions ving authority and res	and provisions of the plan	LTO prior to commencement pursuant to Title 14 CCR 103 and administration of the TH	5.2 .					
		(Include both work completed and work remaining to be done): The listed RPF will be the plan submitters agent during the THP approval process. The RPF will meet with the LTO to								
				aration fieldwork will be done by						
			·	he LTO's responsibility to insur						
		s in a timely fashion.								
d.	Additional requi	red work requiring an		the authority or responsibility t	to perform:					
e.	After considering the rules of the Board of Forestry and the mitigation measures incorporated in this THP, I have determined that the timber operation:									
	· · -	ignificant adverse imp led in Section III)	eact on the environment. (S	tatement of reasons for overri	ding considerations					
	[X] will not have	e a significant adverse	e impact on the environmer	ıt.						
plan co Modifie Area at effects	omplies with the F ed THP, I also, ce t the time of subn s remain undisclos	Forest Practice Act, the crify that: 1) the connission, preparation, red; and 2) I, or my su	ne Forest Practice Rules and additions or facts stated in 1 mitigation, and analysis of tapervised designee will mee	nee, personally inspected the in the Professional Foresters La 4 CCR 1051 (a) (1) - (16) exists EHP and no identified pote with the LTO at the THP situation of the Modified THP.	w. If this is a ist on the THP ential significant e, before timber					
Signati	a	a Sur	<del>for</del>	Dat	e_11/20198					



# SECTION II - PLAN OF TIMBER OPERATIONS

NOTE: If a provision of this THP is proposed that is different than the standard rule, the explanation and justification should normally be included in Section III unless it is clearer and better understood as part of Section II.

[] Clearcutting ac.	[] Shelterwood Prep	Cton		
	[] Shelterwood Seed		[] Seed Tree Seed Ste	p
	[] Shelterwood Remo	oval Step ac.	[] Seed Tree Removal	Step
[X] Selection 23 ac.	[] Group Selection	ac.	[] Transition	ac.
[ ] Commercial Thinning	ac.	[ ] Sar	itation Salvage	ac,
[] Special Treatment Area	ac. [X] Rehab. o	f Understocked Area _	3 ac. [] Fuelbreak	
[X] Alternative 24	_ ac. [ ] Conversion		Non-Timberland Area	
Total acreage 50 ac. (Expla	ain if total is different fro	m that listed in 8.)MSF	option chosen (a) [] (	
b. If Selection, Group Selection	, Commercial Thinning	Sanitation Salvage or A	ltornotive mathemate	
Hairout Stocking levels (differen	itiated by site if applicab	e) must be stated. No	te mapping requirements	of 1034
The plan area is site class III ar	nd IV according to SCS s	oil type maps and field	review. The selection un	nits will h
post harvest basal area in exce	ss of 75 sq. ft./ac. with	the residual stand mee	ting the seed tree leave re	equireme
Title 14 CCR 913.1 (c)(1)(A) as	well as specified basal a	rea standards. The alt	emative prescription unit	will be a
like a seed tree removal with are	eas of dense Douglas fir	regeneration thinning in	terspersed. The post he	Will De II
the alternative prescription unit	will have a residual basa	area of approximately	of 27 on the of bearing	rvest star
will be stocked to the standards	of 14 CCR 912 7(b) (1)	Approximately	or 37 sq. it. or basar are	a per acr
for harvest in the alternative pre	scription areas	. Approximately 14 So	. It. of basal area per acr	e is propo
	sonption areas.			
c. [] Yes [X] No Will evenag 30 acre cable)? If yes, provide s (A) - (E) of 14 CCR 913 (933, s necessary to meet (A) - (E) not f	substantial evidence that 953).1(a) (2) in Section I	the THP contains mea	sures to accomplish any	of subse
d. Trees to be harvested or reta trees will be marked and wheth Conifers to be harvested in all are	er narvested or retained.		pervision of the RPF. Sp	ecify hov
II all all all all all all all all all	ao nave been marked will	i Mue pairit.		
[] Yes [X] No Is a waiver of n will be harvested or retained? If LTO determine boundaries of diff	r yes and more than one	silvicultural method, or	es, how will LTO determi Group Selection is to be	ine which used, ho

f. [] Yes [X] No Are group B species proposed for management? [] Yes [X] No Are group B or non-indigenous A species to be used to meet stocking standards? [X] Yes [] No Will group B species need to be reduced to maintain relative site occupancy of A species. If any answer is yes, list the species, describe treatment, and provide the LTO with necessary felling guidance.
Hardwood competition will be addressed by harvesting tanoak over 6" DBH which are within 18 feet of the stump of
any conifer cut within the rehabilitation and alternative prescription areas. The site vacancy created in the rehabilitation
areas will be planted so that at least 10 conifers are established for each conifer cut in the rehabilitation area.
g. Other instructions to LTO concerning felling operations
All applicable rules and regulations apply. Nothing contained in this THP shall be construed as a requirement to work in an
unsafe manner. If trees designated for harvest cannot be cut in a safe manner, they may be left standing and if safety
considerations indicate that trees marked for retention must be cut then they may be cut. If safety considerations dictate
that an unmarked tree be cut then a marked tree of equal or greater size will be retained as a replacement.
h. [X] Yes [] No Will artificial regeneration be required to meet stocking standards?
<ul> <li>i. [] Yes [X] No Will site preparation be used to meet stocking standards?</li> <li>If yes, provide the information required for a site preparation addendum.</li> </ul>
j. If the rehabilitation method is chosen provide a regeneration plan as required by 14 CCR 913(934, 954).4(b).  The rehabilitation area is currently understocked when considering solely Group A species and has been designated as rehabilitation. Trees marked for harvest are generally defective and in poor health. The regeneration plan for this area is as follows:  a) Site preparation measures will be limited to disturbance associated with normal harvesting activity.  Broadcast burning is not considered beneficial on this site and the ground is to steep for mechanical site preparation techniques.  b) Regeneration will be accomplished by planting Douglas-fir and redwood seedlings. Planting will be preformed the first winter following the completion of operations.  Hardwood competition will be the primary problem associated with conifer seedling survival and growth on this site. Hardwood competition in the rehabilitation unit will be addressed by harvesting tanoak over 6" DBH which are within 18 feet of the stump of any conifer cut within the rehabilitation area.
<ul> <li>a. [X] Yes [] No Is this THP within an area that the Board of Forestry has declared a zone of infestation or infection pursuant to PRC 4712-4718? If yes, identify feasible measures being taken to mitigate adverse infestation or infection impacts from the timber operation. See 917(937, 957).9(a).</li> <li>b. [] Yes [] No If outside a declared zone, are there any insect, disease or pest problems of significance in the THP area? If yes, describe the proposed measures to improve the health, vigor and productivity of the stand(s).</li> </ul>

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proposed for harvest under this THP.

**PESTS** 

15.

The plan area is within a declared zone of infestation for Pine Pitch Canker. No pine has been observed and no pine is

## HARVESTING PRACTICES

	Indicate type of yarding system and equipment to be used:								
	GROUND BASED*  CABLE  SPECIAL  a. [X] Tractor, including end/long lining d. [] Cable, ground lead g. [] Animal  b. [X] Rubber tired skidder, Forwarder e. [] Cable, high lead h. [] Helicopter  c. [] Feller buncher f. [] Cable, Skyline i. [] Other  * All tractor operations restrictions apply to ground based equipment.								
17.	Erosion Hazard Rating: Indicate Erosion Hazard Ratings present on THP. (Must match EHR worksheets)								
	Low [ ] Moderate [X] High [X] Extreme [ ]								
	If more than one rating is checked, areas must be delineated on map to 20 acres in size (10 acres for high and extreme EHRs in the Coast District).								
18.	Soil Stabilization: In addition to the standard waterbreak requirements describe soil stabilization measures or additional erosion control measures to be implemented and the location of their application. See requirements of 916 (936, 956).7.								
	Annual rye grass will be planted with an application rate of 25 lbs./ac. or more, where more than 100 continuous square feet of bare mineral soil is exposed in the WLPZ. Seeding will be done prior to October 15th except that such bare areas created after October 15th will be seeded within 10 days. Title 14 CCR 916.7 which is pertinent to this situation has been reproduced here in part for ease of reference: "Within the watercourse and lake protection zone adjacent to Class 1 and Class 2 waters, areas where mineral soil exceeding 800 continuous square feet in size, exposed by timber operations, shall be treated for reduction of soil loss. Treatment shall be done prior to October 15th except that such bare areas created after October 15th shall be so treated within 10 days, or as agreed to by the director".								
	Where temporary stream crossings are used, bare soil associated with the crossing will be seeded with annual rye grass at an application rate of 25 lbs./ac. This seeding will be done after the crossing is removed and prior to October 15th. Title 14 CCR 923.3(d)(2) which is pertinent to this situation has been reproduced in part here for ease of reference: "The excavated material and any resulting cut bank shall be sloped back from the channel and stabilized to prevent slumping and to minimize soil erosion. Where needed, this material shall be stabilized by seeding, mulching, rock armoring, or other suitable treatment."								
	In the event that sidecast or fill material extends more than 20 feet in slope distance from the outside edge of a roadbed and this material has access to a watercourse or lake which is protected by a WLPZ then the area will be seeded with annual rye grass at an application rate of 25 lbs./ac. or more. Title 14 CCR 923.2(m) which is pertinent to this situation has been reproduced here for ease of reference: "Sidecast or fill material extending more than 20 feet in slope distance from the outside edge of the roadbed which has access to a watercourse or lake which is protected by a Wlpz shall be seeded, planted, mulched, removed or treated as specified in the THP, to adequately reduce soil erosion."								
	In the event that sidecast or fill material extends more than 20 feet in slope distance from the outside edge of a landing and this material has access to a watercourse or lake then the area will be seeded with annual rye grass at an application rate of 25 lbs./ac. or more. Title 14 CCR 923.5(f)(4) which is pertinent to this situation has been reproduced here for ease of reference: "Sidecast or fill material extending more than 20 feet in slope distance from the outside edge of the landing and which has access to a watercourse or lake shall be seeded, planted, mulched, removed or treated as specified in the THP to adequately reduce soil erosion."								
	as speamed in the Trin to adequately reduce soil erosion.								
	In areas described above where seeding is required straw mulch will be applied at a rate which achieves 90% surface coverage of exposed soil with an average depth of mulch being 2 or more inches as measured at the time of application. Additional seeding and mulching may be done as necessary to reduce the potential for short-term sheet and rill erosion.								

Withi	n the THP a	area will	ground based equipment be used on:	
a.	[]Yes	[X] No	Unstable soils or slide areas? Only allowed if unavoidable.	
b.			Slopes over 65%?	
c.	[X] Yes	[ ] No	Slopes over 50% with high or extreme EHR?	
d.			Slopes between 50% and 65% with moderate EHR where heavy equipment use will restricted to the limits described in 14 CCR 914 (934, 954).2(f)(2)(i) or (ii)?	
e.	[]Yes	[X] No	Slopes over 50% which lead without flattening to sufficiently dissipate water flow a sediment before it reaches a watercourse or lake?	and 1
justifi if a) is start stand The lo	ication as re s yes. If b. of operation lard rule is re ocation of h	equired p , c., d. o ns if a Ph not feasi neavy eq	pecific measures to minimize effect of operations on slope stability and provide explanation of the CCR 914 (934, 954).2(d). CDF requests the RPF consider flagging tractor roads or e. is yes: 1) the location of tractor roads must be flagged on the ground prior to the HI is not required, and 2) you must clearly explain the proposed exception and justify ible or would not comply with 914 (934, 954).  Quipment operation on unstable areas or any use beyond the limitations of the standard page. List specific instructions to the LTO below.	d loc PH why
justifi if a) is start stand The k must	ication as re s yes. If b. of operation lard rule is r ocation of h be shown o	equired p , c., d. o ns if a Ph not feasi neavy eq on the m which ha	per 14 CCR 914 (934, 954).2(d). CDF requests the RPF consider flagging tractor road or e. is yes: 1) the location of tractor roads must be flagged on the ground prior to the HI is not required, and 2) you must clearly explain the proposed exception and justify ible or would not comply with 914 (934, 954).	d loc PH why d rul
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instructions to the LTO below.

Flagged skid routes are generally existing skid trails which can be used with little or no reconstruction. The existing skid trail network occasionally crosses slopes over 65% and slopes over 50% in high E.H.R. areas as described in Section 3 of the THP. In these areas only existing flagged skid routes are to be used and overall ground disturbance is to be minimized. Only skid trails which have been flagged by the RPF are to be used where slopes exceed 50%.

#### Tractor Crossing TC1

The tractor crossing at THP Map Point TC1 is proposed to be a temporary class II watercourse crossing. The crossing is located on a topographic bench where stream gradient and channel depth are minimal. The crossing will be removed as specified in CCR 923.3(d) which states as follows: "When watercourse crossings, other drainage structures, and associated fills are removed the following standards will apply:

(1) Fills shall be excavated to form a channel which is as close as feasible to the natural watercourse grade and orientation and is wider than the natural channel. (2) The excavated material and any resulting cut bank shall be sloped back from the channel and stabilized by seeding, mulching, rock armoring, or other suitable treatment." Bare soil associated with watercourse crossings will be stabilized by seeding at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 in order to reduce the potential for short term sheet and rill erosion. Any soil or debris deposited in class III watercourses as a result of timber operations will be treated as per Title 14 CCR 916.4(c)(3) which has been reproduced here for ease of reference: "Soil deposited during timber operations in a class III watercourse other than at

a temporary crossing shall be removed and debris deposited during timber operations shall be removed or stabilized before the conclusion of timber operations, or before October 15. Temporary crossings shall be removed before the winter period, or as approved by the director."

Bare mineral soil associated with this crossing will be seeded and mulched as per Item 18 of the THP.

#### <u>Tractor Crossing TC2</u>

The designated tractor crossing at THP Map point "TC2" is a temporary class III watercourse crossing. This crossing will be removed as specified in CCR 923.3(d) which states as follows: "When watercourse crossings, other drainage structures, and associated fills are removed the following standards will apply:

(1) Fills shall be excavated to form a channel which is as close as feasible to the natural watercourse grade and orientation and is wider than the natural channel. (2) The excavated material and any resulting cut bank shall be sloped back from the channel and stabilized by seeding, mulching, rock armoring, or other suitable treatment." Bare soil associated with watercourse crossings will be stabilized by seeding at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 in order to reduce the potential for short term sheet and rill erosion. Any soil or debris deposited in class III watercourses as a result of timber operations will be treated as per Title 14 CCR 916.4(c)(3) which has been reproduced here for ease of reference: "Soil deposited during timber operations in a class III watercourse other than at a temporary crossing shall be removed and debris deposited during timber operations shall be removed or stabilized before the conclusion of timber operations, or before October 15. Temporary crossings shall be removed before the winter period, or as approved by the director."

Bare mineral soil associated with this crossing will be seeded and mulched as per Item 18 of the THP.

#### Tractor Crossing TC3

The designated tractor crossing at THP Map point "TC3" is a temporary class III watercourse crossing. Temporary crossings will be removed as specified in CCR 923.3(d) which states as follows: "When watercourse crossings, other drainage structures, and associated fills are removed the following standards will apply:

(1) Fills shall be excavated to form a channel which is as close as feasible to the natural watercourse grade and orientation and is wider than the natural channel. (2) The excavated material and any resulting cut bank shall be sloped back from the channel and stabilized by seeding, mulching, rock armoring, or other suitable treatment. Bare soil associated with watercourse crossings will be stabilized by seeding at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 in order to reduce the potential for short term sheet and rill erosion. Any soil or debris deposited in class III watercourses as a result of timber operations will be treated as per Title 14 CCR 916.4(c)(3) which has been reproduced here for ease of reference: "Soil deposited during timber operations in a class III watercourse other than at a temporary crossing shall be removed and debris deposited during timber operations shall be removed or stabilized before the conclusion of timber operations, or before October 15. Temporary crossings shall be removed before the winter period, or as approved by the director."

Bare mineral soil associated with this crossing will be seeded and mulched as per Item 18 of the THP.

#### Tractor Crossing TC4

The tractor crossing at THP Map point "TC4" is a temporary class III watercourse crossing located below the outfall of a spring and at the head of an existing landing. Temporary crossings will be removed as specified in CCR 923.3(d) which states as follows: "When watercourse crossings, other drainage structures, and associated fills are removed the following standards will apply:

(1) Fills shall be excavated to form a channel which is as close as feasible to the natural watercourse grade and orientation and is wider than the natural channel. (2) The excavated material and any resulting cut bank shall be sloped back from the channel and stabilized by seeding, mulching, rock armoring, or other suitable treatment." Bare soil associated with watercourse crossings will be stabilized by seeding at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 in order to reduce the potential for short term sheet and rill erosion. Any soil or debris deposited in class III watercourses as a result of timber operations will be treated as per Title 14 CCR 916.4(c)(3) which has been reproduced here for ease of reference: "Soil deposited during timber operations in a class III watercourse other than at a temporary crossing shall be removed and debris deposited during timber operations shall be removed or stabilized before the conclusion of timber operations, or before October 15. Temporary crossings shall be removed before the winter period, or as approved by the director."

Bare mineral soil associated with this crossing will be seeded and mulched as per Item 18 of the THP.

#### WINTER OPERATIONS

- 23. a. [] Yes [X] No Will timber operations occur during the winter period? If yes, complete c) or d). State in space provided if exempt because yarding method will be cable, helicopter, or balloon.
  - b. [] Yes [X] No Will mechanical site preparation be conducted during the winter period. If yes, complete d).
  - c. [] I choose the in-lieu option as allowed in 14 CCR 914 (934, 954).7(c). Specify below the procedures listed in subsections (1) and (2), and list the site specific measures for operations in the WLPZ and unstable areas as required by subsection (3), if there will be no winter operations in these areas, so state.

	facilit	ties and struc	tures, wa	rolling dips must be installed by October 15 or as prescribed above. For the purposes of installing drainage terbreaks, and rolling dips, the winter period is from October 15 to May 1.						
ROAD	S AND	LANDINGS								
24.		Will any roads be constructed? [ ] Yes [X] No, or reconstructed? [X] Yes [ ] No. If yes, check items a through g. Will any landings be constructed? [X] Yes [ ] No, or reconstructed? [X] Yes [ ] No If yes, check items h through k:								
	a.	[]Yes	[X] No	Will new or reconstructed roads be wider than single lane with turnouts?						
	b.	[]Yes	[X] No	Are logging roads proposed in areas of unstable soils or known slide-prone areas?						
	c.	[]Yes	[X] No	Will new roads exceed a grade of 15% or have pitches of up to 20% for distances greater than 500 feet? Map must identify any new or reconstructed road segments that exceed an average 15% grade for over 200 feet.						
	d.			Are roads to be constructed or reconstructed, other than crossings, within the WLPZ of a watercourse? If yes, completion of THP Item 27 a. will satisfy required documentation.						
	e.	[]Yes	[X] No	Will roads be located across more than 100 feet of lineal distance on slopes over 65%, or on slopes over 50% which are within 100 feet of the boundary of a WLPZ?						
	f.	[] Yes	[X] No	Will any roads or watercourse crossings be abandoned?						
	g.	[ ] Yes	[X] No	Are exceptions proposed for flagging or otherwise identifying the location or roads to be constructed?						
	h.	[] Yes	[X] No	Will any landings exceed one half acre in size? If any landing exceeds one quarter acre in size or requires substantial excavation the location must be shown on the map.						
	i.	[]Yes	[X] No	Are any landings proposed in areas of unstable soils or known slide prone areas?						
	j.	[]Yes	[X] No	Will any landings be located on slopes over 65% or on slopes over 50% which are within 100 feet of the boundary of a WLPZ?						
	k.	[] Yes	[X] No	Will any landings be abandoned?						
?5.	addit	ional or spe	ecial infor	is answered yes, specify site-specific measures to reduce adverse impacts and list any mation needed by the LTO concerning the construction, maintenance and/or abandonment of ired by 14 CCR Article 12. Include required explanation and justification in THP Section III.						

d. [] I choose to prepare a winter operating plan per 14 CCR 914 (934, 954).7 (b).

#### Truck Roads

Existing seasonal truck roads will occasionally require some curve widening and other miscellaneous re-grading work. When curve widening and other reconstruction work occurs near watercourse crossings, sidecast will be limited and where necessary existing culverts will be extended and downspouts will be provided to prevent soil from being deposited into the fluvial system. Where roads cross watercourses the road will be shaped so that the road surface is drained to the inlet side of permanent culverts rather than drained off the outer edge of the fill. Water breaks and/or rolling dips will be required to divert water off the road or into an inside ditch prior to its reaching the fill material.

#### Watercourse Crossings

C1

A rocked rolling dip will be used to convey seasonal flows of a minor Class 3 watercourse across the haul road at THP Map Point "C1". Construction of the armored ford is to be as described in diagram 1 of this report.

additional information below under watercourse crossing "C2", "C3" and "C4" and THP item 27f.

#### C2

A temporary CMP will be used at THP Map Point "C2" to convey flows from a minor class 2 watercourse across the road prism. This crossing was pulled several years ago to correct an ongoing erosion situation. Use of a temporary crossing was effective in correcting the previously existing drainage problem at this location. Careful use of a temporary crossing at this location is appropriate for use in conjunction with the proposed harvest. Care will need to be used when this crossing is installed and removed to prevent sediment from being placed in a position to enter a watercourse.

The crossing will be removed as specified in CCR 923.3(d) which states as follows: "When watercourse crossings, other drainage structures, and associated fills are removed the following standards will apply:

(1) Fills shall be excavated to form a channel which is as close as feasible to the natural watercourse grade and orientation and is wider than the natural channel. (2) The excavated material and any resulting cut bank shall be sloped back from the channel and stabilized by seeding, mulching, rock armoring, or other suitable treatment." Bare soil associated with watercourse crossings will be stabilized by seeding at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 in order to reduce the potential for short term sheet and rill erosion.

#### <u>C3</u>

A temporary crossing will be used at THP Map Point "C3" to cross a minor class 3 watercourse. This crossing was pulled several years ago to correct an ongoing erosion situation. Use of a temporary crossing was effective in correcting the previously existing drainage problem at this location. Careful use of a temporary crossing at this location is appropriate for use in conjunction with the proposed harvest. Care will need to be used when this crossing is installed and removed to prevent sediment from being placed in a position to enter a watercourse.

The crossing will be removed as specified in CCR 923.3(d) which states as follows: "When watercourse crossings, other drainage structures, and associated fills are removed the following standards will apply:

(1) Fills shall be excavated to form a channel which is as close as feasible to the natural watercourse grade and orientation and is wider than the natural channel. (2) The excavated material and any resulting cut bank shall be sloped back from the channel and stabilized by seeding, mulching, rock armoring, or other suitable treatment." Bare soil associated with watercourse crossings will be stabilized by seeding at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 in order to reduce the potential for short term sheet and rill erosion.

#### C4

A temporary watercourse crossing on a class 1 watercourse is proposed at THP Map Point "C4". The stream gradient is low stream banks are modest allowing for the effective use of a temporary crossing. Culverts will be installed below stream grade to insure that fish passage is maintained.

The crossing will be removed as specified in CCR 923.3(d) which states as follows: "When watercourse crossings, other drainage structures, and associated fills are removed the following standards will apply:

(1) Fills shall be excavated to form a channel which is as close as feasible to the natural watercourse grade and orientation and is wider than the natural channel. (2) The excavated material and any resulting cut bank shall be sloped back from the channel and stabilized by seeding, mulching, rock armoring, or other suitable treatment." Bare soil associated with watercourse crossings will be stabilized by seeding at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 in order to reduce the potential for short term sheet and rill erosion.

#### **SLIDES**

#### <u>SL 1</u>

This is a small slide adjacent to a class III watercourse. The slide has been flagged for avoidance with orange and white stripped special treatment flagging.

WATERCOURSE AND LAKE PROTECTION ZONE (WLPZ) AND DOMESTIC WATER SUPPLY PROTECTION MEASURES:

- 26. a. [x] Yes [] No Are there any watercourse or lakes which contain Class I through IV waters on or adjacent to the plan area? If yes, list the class, WLPZ or ELZ width, and protective measures determined from Table I and/or 14 CCR 916.4 (c) [936.4 (c), 956.4 (c)] of the WLPZ rules for each watercourse. Specify if Class III or
  - IV watercourses have WLPZ, ELZ or both.
    b. [x] Yes [] No Are there any watercourse crossings that require mapping per 14 CCR 1034 (x)(7)?
  - c. [] Yes [x] No Will tractor road watercourse crossings involve the use of a culvert? If yes state minimum diameter For each culvert (may be shown on map).

#### Class | Watercourses:

WLPZ buffers will be maintained adjacent to Class I watercourses to protect and enhance environmental conditions in the following ways :

- 1) water temperature, 2) streambed and flow modification by large woody debris, 3) filtration of organic and inorganic material,
- 4) up-slope stability. Adjacent to class I watercourses on slopes less than or equal to 30% the zone width will be 75 feet; and on slopes greater than 30% to 50% the zone will be 100 feet and on slopes greater than 50% the zone will be 150 feet.

'n regards to class I WLPZ's the following practices will be observed:

- 1) The WLPZ will be clearly identified on the ground by the RPF who prepared the plan or his designee, with paint, flagging, or other suitable means, prior to the PHI.
- 2) To ensure retention of shade canopy, filter strip properties and the maintenance of wildlife values described in 14 CCR 916.4(b), a base mark will be placed below the cut line of the harvest trees within the zone and will be done in advance of the PHI by the RPF who prepared the plan or his designee.
- 3) To protect water temperature, filter strip properties, up-slope stability, and fish and wildlife values, at least 85% of the overstory canopy within 25 feet of the watercourse and 75% overstory within the balance of the WLPZ will be maintained. 50% of the understory canopy covering the ground will be left in a well distributed multi-storied stand configuration composed of a diversity of species similar to that found before the start of operations. The residual overstory canopy will be composed of at least 25% of the existing overstory conifers.

#### Class II Watercourses:

WLPZ buffers will be maintained adjacent to Class II watercourses to protect and enhance environmental conditions in the following ways:

- 1) water temperature, 2) streambed and flow modification by large woody debris, 3) filtration of organic and inorganic material,
- 4) up-slope stability. Adjacent to class il watercourses on slopes less than or equal to 30% the zone width will be 50 feet; and on slopes greater than 30% to 50% the zone will be 75 feet and on slopes greater than 50% the zone will be 100 feet.

In regards to class II WLPZ's the following practices will be observed:

- 1) The WLPZ will be clearly identified on the ground by the RPF who prepared the plan or his designee, with paint, flagging, or other suitable means, prior to the PHI.
- 2) To ensure retention of shade canopy, filter strip properties and the maintenance of wildlife values described in 14 CCR 916.4(b), a base mark will be placed below the cut line of the harvest trees within the zone and will be done in advance of the PHI by the RPF who prepared the plan or his designee.
- 3) To protect water temperature, filter strip properties, up-slope stability, and fish and wildlife values, at least 70% of the total canopy covering the ground will be left in a well distributed multi-storied stand configuration composed of a diversity of species similar to that found before the start of operations. The residual overstory canopy will be composed of at least 25% of the existing overstory conifers.

#### Class III Watercourses

Class III watercourses will have equipment limitation zones (ELZ's) of 25 feet where side slopes are less than 30% and 50 feet where side slopes are equal to or exceed 30%. Use of heavy equipment in class III ELZ's will be limited to tractor roads which are flagged and mapped in the THP. Class III ELZ tractor roads will be flagged and mapped in the THP prior to the pre-harvest inspection (PHI).

Timber falling will be conducted in accordance with CCR 914.1(a) which has been reproduced here for ease of reference: "To the fullest extent possible and with due consideration given to the topography, lean of trees, landings, utility lines, local obstructions, and safety factors, trees shall be felled to lead in a direction away from watercourses and lakes". Temporary crossings will be removed as specified in CCR 923.3(d) which states as follows: "When watercourse crossings, other drainage structures, and associated fills are removed the following standards will apply:

(1) Fills shall be excavated to form a channel which is as close as feasible to the natural watercourse grade and orientation and is wider than the natural channel. (2) The excavated material and any resulting cut bank shall be sloped back from the channel and stabilized by seeding, mulching, rock armoring, or other suitable treatment." Bare soil associated with watercourse crossings will be stabilized by seeding at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 in order to reduce the potential for short term sheet and rill erosion. Any soil or debris deposited in class III watercourses as a result of timber operations will be treated as per Title 14 CCR 916.4(c)(3) which has been reproduced here for ease of reference: "Soil deposited during timber operations in a class III watercourse other than at a temporary crossing shall be removed and debris deposited during timber operations shall be removed or stabilized before the conclusion of timber operations, or before October 15. Temporary crossings shall be removed before the winter period, or as approved by the director."

All Class III watercourse crossings will be flagged in the field by the RPF prior to the start of operations.

#### Spring Areas

SP 1

A minor spring is located at THP Map point "SP 1". This spring is included in the Class 1 WLPZ. The outflow of this spring crosses an existing road. The road will be drained at this location as described under road crossing "C3".

#### SP 2

This spring is located at THP Map point "SP2". A 50 foot ELZ will be maintained above this spring. The perimeter of the ELZ is flagged in the field with blue and white ribbon.

#### SP 3

This spring is located at THP Map point "SP 3". A 50 foot ELZ will be maintained above this spring. The perimeter of the ELZ is flagged in the field with blue and white ribbon.

- 27. Are site specific practices proposed in-lieu of the following standard WLPZ practices?
  - a. [X] Yes [] No Prohibition of the construction or reconstruction of roads, construction or use of tractor roads or landings in Class I, II, III, or IV watercourses, WLPZs, marshes, wet meadows, and other wet areas except as follows:
    - (1) At prepared tractor road crossings.
    - (2) Crossings of Class III watercourses which are dry at time of timber operations.
    - (3) At existing road crossings.
    - (4) At new tractor and road crossings approved by Department of Fish and Game.
  - b. [] Yes [x] No Retention of non-commercial vegetation bordering and covering meadows and wet areas? C. [] Yes [x] No Directional felling of trees within the WLPZ away from the watercourse or lake?
  - d. [] Yes [x] No Increase or decrease of width(s) of the WLPZ(s)?
  - e. [] Yes [x] No Protection of watercourses which conduct class IV waters?
  - f. [X] Yes [] No Exclusion of heavy equipment from the WLPZ except as follows:
    - (1) At prepared tractor road crossings.
      - (1) At prepared tractor road crossings
      - (2) Crossings of Class III watercourses which are dry at time of timber operations.
      - (3) At existing road crossings.
    - (4) At new tractor and road crossings approved by Department of Fish and Game. Establishment of ELZ for Class III watercourses unless sideslopes are <30% and EHR is low?
  - g. [] Yes [x] No Establishment of ELZ for Class III watercourses unless since the control of the overstory canopy in the WLPZ?
  - i. [] Yes [x] No Retention of 50% of the understory in the WLPZ?
  - j. [] Yes [x] No Are any additional in-lieu or any alternative practices proposed for watercourse or lake protection?

NOTE: A yes answer to any of items a. through j. constitutes an in-lieu practice. If any item is answered yes, refer to 14 CCR 916 (936, 956).1 and address the following for each item checked yes: 1. The RPF shall state the standard rule, 2. Explain and describe each proposed practice; 3. Explain how the proposed practice differs from the standard practice; 4. The specific location where it shall be applied, see map requirements of 14 CCR 1034(x)(15) and (16); 5. Provide in THP Section III an explanation and justification as to how the protection provided is equal to the standard rule and provides for the protection of the beneficial uses of water per 14 CCR 916.1(a). Reference the in-lieu and location to the specific watercourse to which it will be applied.

At THP Map Point W1 it is proposed to reconstruct approximately 300 +/- feet of existing road that is located within a class I WLPZ. This road segment will be carefully opened with minimal sidecast. Temporary crossings "C2" and "C3" will be constructed and removed as described in the THP under item 25. The potential for sheet and rill erosion on the road prism will be minimized by seeding and mulching all exposed soil in the WLPZ at this location as described in Item #18 of this THP.

For additional information concerning continued use of this road please refer to item 27a and 27f, Situation #1 in section 3 of this THP.

At THP Map Point W2 it is proposed to reconstruct approximately 200 +/- feet of existing road that is located within a class I WLPZ. This road segment will be carefully opened with minimal sidecast. The potential for sheet and rill erosion on the road prism will be minimized by seeding and mulching exposed soil in the WLPZ at this location as described in Item #18 of this THP.

For additional information concerning continued use of this road please refer to item 27a and 27f, Situation #2 in section 3 of this THP.

- a. [X] Yes [] No Are there any landowners within 1000 feet downstream of the THP boundary whose ownership adjoins or includes a class I, II, or IV watercourse(s) which receives surface drainage from the proposed timber operations? If yes, the requirements of 14 CCR 1032.10 apply. Proof of notice by letter and newspaper should be included in THP Section V. If No, 28 b. need not be answered.
  - b. [] Yes [X] No Is an exemption requested of the notification requirements of 1032.10? If yes, explanation and justification for the exemption must appear in THP Section III. Specify if requesting an exemption from the letter, the newspaper notice or both.

-	c. [] Yes [X] No Was any information received on domestic water supplies that required additional mitigation beyond that required by standard Watercourse and Lake Protection rules? If yes, list site specific measures to be implemented by the LTO.
29.	[ ] Yes [X] No Is any part of the THP area within a Sensitive Watershed as designated by the Board of Forestry?  If yes, identify the watershed and list any special rules, operating procedures or mitigation that will be used to protect the resources identified at risk?
HAZA	ARD REDUCTION:
30.	a. [] Yes [X] No Are there roads or improvements which require slash treatment adjacent to them? If yes, specify the
<b></b>	type of improvement, treatment distance, and treatment method.  b. [] Yes [x] No Are any alternatives to the rules for slash treatment along roads and within 200 feet of structures requested? If yes, RPF must explain and justify how alternative provides equal fire protection. Include a description of the alternative and where it will be utilized below.
31.	[X] Yes [] No Will piling and burning be used for hazard reduction? See 14 CCR 917 (937, 957).1-11 for specific requirements. Note: LTO is responsible for slash disposal. This responsibility cannot be transferred.
BIOLO	OGICAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES
32.	<ul> <li>a. [X] Yes [] No Are any plant or animal species, including their habitat, which are listed as rare, threatened or endangered under federal or state law, or a sensitive species by the Board, associated with the THP area? If yes, identify the species and the provisions to be taken for the protection of the species.</li> <li>b. [] Yes [X] No Are there any non-listed species which will be significantly impacted by the operation? If yes, identify the species and the provisions to be taken for the protection of the species.</li> </ul>
•	Habitat for the Northern Spotted Owl and indirectly habitat for the Coho salmon is associated with the plan area. Please see
	item 32 in Section 3 of the THP for additional information concerning these species.
33.	[X] Yes [] No Are there any snags which must be felled for fire protection or safety reasons? If yes, describe which snags are going to be felled and why.
	Within the logging area all snags shall be retained to provide wildlife habitat except where safety is a concern and it is felt
	that safety will be improved by cutting a snag.
34.	[ ] Yes [X] No Are any Late Succession Forest Stands proposed for harvest? If yes, describe the measures to be implemented by the LTO that avoid long-term significant adverse effects on fish, wildlife and listed species known to be primarily associated with late succession forests.
35.	IVI Van II No. Assessed about the province for wildlife protection apprised by the miles? If you describe
35.	[X] Yes [] No Are any other provisions for wildlife protection required by the rules? If yes, describe.  A qualified DFG biologist has reviewed our plan and determined that the proposed harvest is consistent with regulations
	concerning the protection of the northern spotted owl. Please see additional confidential addendum concerning the Northern
	spotted owl. See Page 13A
36.	a. [X] Yes [] No Has an archaeological survey been made of the THP area?
	b. [X] Yes [] No Has a current archaeological records check been conducted for the THP area?
	c. [] Yes [X] No Are there any archaeological or historical sites located in the THP area? Specific site locations and protection measures are contained in the Confidential Archaeological Addendum in Section VI of the
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If a listed species is encountered by the LTO during active operations in the area where the listed species is encountered will be suspended to insure that the take of a listed species does not occur. CDF and DFG will be notified as per CCR 919.2(d) which is reproduced here below for ease of reference.

(d) When an occupied nest site of a listed bird species is discovered during timber operations, the timber operator shall protect the nest tree, screening trees, perch trees, and replacement trees and shall apply the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) above and shall immediately notify the Department of Fish and Game and the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection. An amendment that shall be considered a minor amendment to the timber harvesting plan shall be filed reflecting such additional protection as is agreed between the operator and the Director after consultation with the Department of Fish and Game.

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COAST AREA OFFICE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT THP, which is not available for general public review.

- 37. [] Yes [X] No Has any inventory or growth and yield information designated "trade secret" been submitted in a separate confidential envelope in Section VI of this THP?
- 38. Describe any special instructions or constraints which are not listed elsewhere in Section II.

Alternatives to harvesting were considered in the early phases of this project. This THP has been prepared with the intent of insuring long term sustained production of quality forest products while maintaining and protecting other non commodity forest values such as wildlife, watershed, soils and aesthetics. Harvesting will occur in order to realize a yield. Several different silvicultural methods are proposed due to timber stand variability within the plan area. Additional consideration was given to harvest alternatives as follows:

- a) A no project alternative does not meet the objective of "long term sustained production of high quality forest products and does not generate revenue and is not consistent with the properties TPZ land use classification.
- b) Granting a conservation easement in lieu of harvesting does not meet the landowners goal of continuing to actively manage his property.
- c) Selecting an alternative harvest site does not meet the objective of long term sustained production of high quality forest products on the Galbreath Ranch.
- d) Public acquisition is considered to be contrary to the objective of "long term sustained production of high quality forest products".
- Public acquisition is also contrary to the landowners objective of continuing to manage his ownership as an active ranch during his
  - e) A variety of silvicultural methods are proposed in order to minimize impacts to other resources in the area.

#### DIRECTOR OF FORESTRY AND FIRE PROTECTION

This Timber Harvesting Plan conforms to the rules and regulations of the Board of Forestry and the Forest Practice Act:

By:

Signature)

(Printed Name)

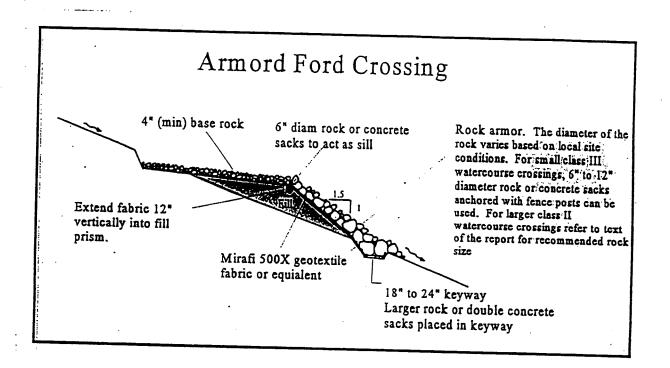
Leonard E. Theiss

No. 218

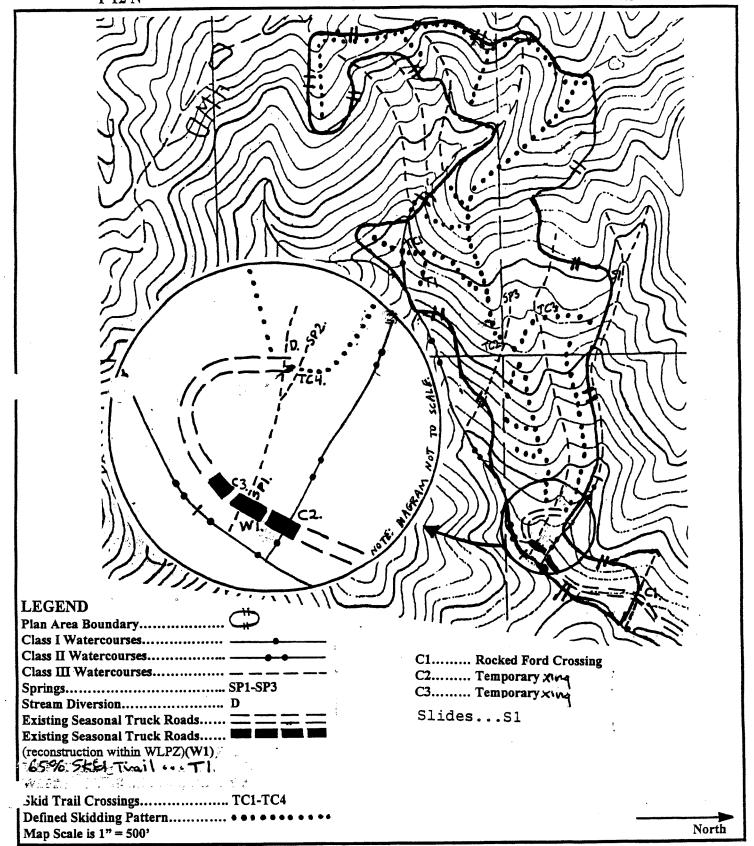
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# Diagram 1

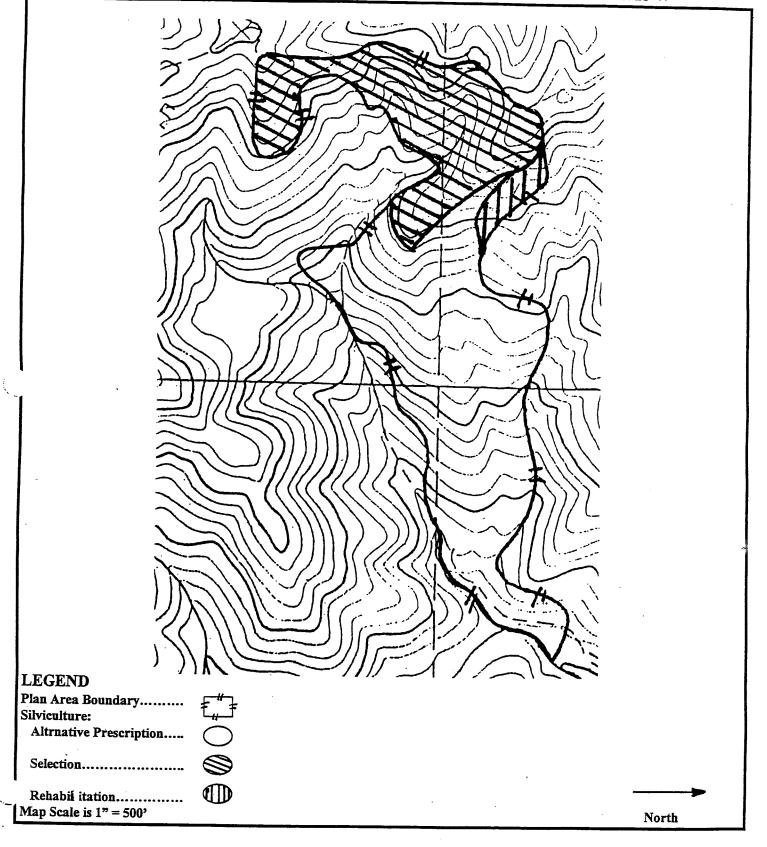


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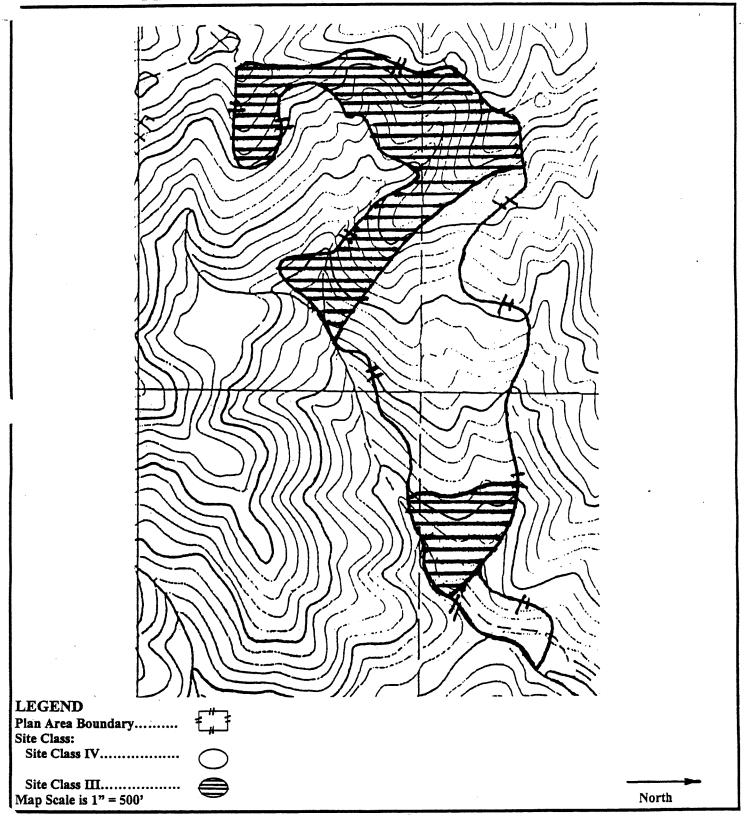


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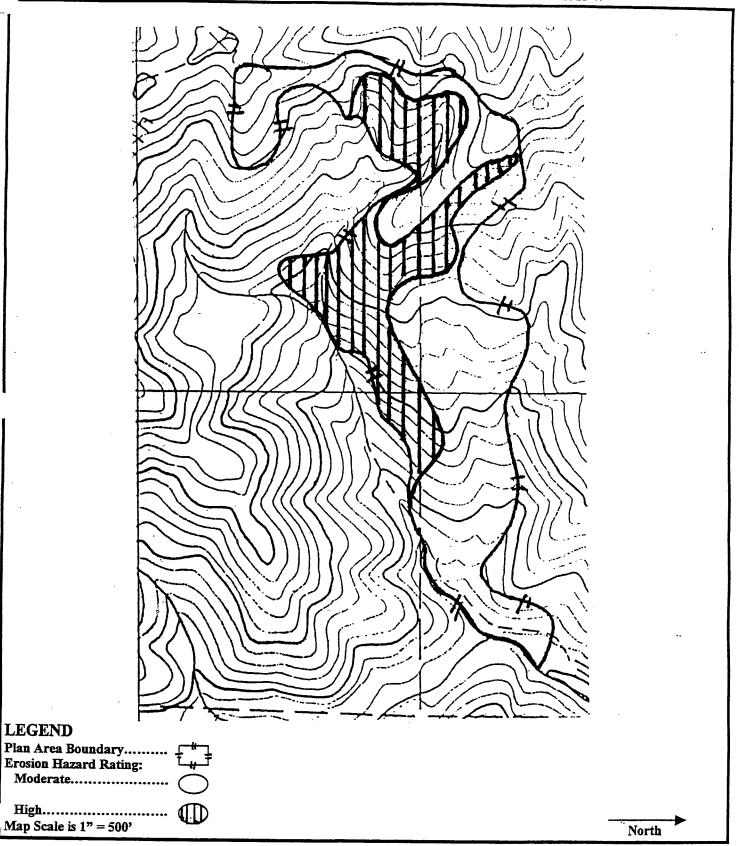
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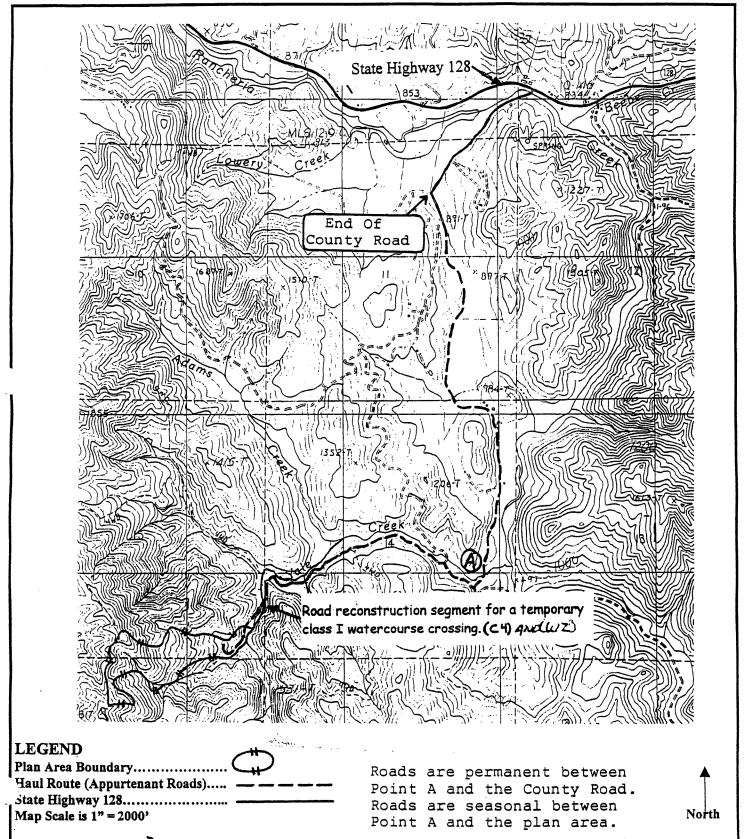


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# SECTION III TIMBER HARVEST PLAN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

## 1034(jj) Description of Physical Conditions

The proposed timber harvest is located on private property approximately 4 miles southwest of the town of Yorkville within the Yale Creek Drainage. Yale Creek is a tributary to Rancheria Creek. Rancheria Creek is a tributary to the Navarro river. The proposed harvest will occur on generally east facing slopes with elevations varying between 1080 and 2040 feet above sea level.

The proposed plan area is located within the Coastal Belt Franciscan Assemblage that SCS soil maps indicate is dominated by the Casabonne-Wohly-Pardaloe soils complex and the Hopland-Wohly soils complex in this area. Slopes in the plan area range from moderate (<35%) to steep (65%+). The majority of the plan area is identified as a site 4 timberland with some areas being identified as site III timberland based on field review.

The timber is a mixed stand of redwood and Douglas-fir, Pacific Madrone, true oaks and tanoak. The overstory generally consists of residual timber retained in the previous harvest 20 to 40 years ago. Younger age classes consist of generally healthy and fast growing redwood and Douglas-fir. Hardwoods are present in this area but do not dominate the stand.

Summary of Current Stand Conditions

Species	% Stand Composition by BA	Average BA/AC
redwood	07 %	10 Sq. Ft.
Douglas-fir	60 %	88 Sq.Ft.
tanoak	26 %	38 Sq.Ft.
Other Hardwoods*	07 %	11 Sq.Ft.
Totals	100%	147 Sq.Ft.

Class one, class two, class three watercourses and several springs are located in or adjacent to the plan area. Harvest activity is minimized near these watercourses in order to protect the water resource.

THP 1-98-415 MEN Sketch of biversion to Be Conected

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COAST AREA OFFICE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Additional Page 20.1

At Point "D" Class 3 water covered is to be ve-directed into old Channel of the grown is gentle and a channel can be made with either a dozen or a backhoe. Exposed Soil is to Be Seedled and hulched L.S. 2/5/99 Division Point Flaggest in held

## Additional Information Concerning THP Item 14.

A total of 24 acres are proposed for low volume harvesting under an alternative prescription silvicultural method, 23 acres are proposed to be harvested under the selection silvicultural method and 3 acres are proposed as ca rehabilitation harvest. Current stand information was determined by a variable plot 30 BAF survey utilizing an approximate 2 X 5 Chain grid. Silvicultural prescriptions were determined based on the results of these surveys and on the basis of intensive ground review.

#### **Alternative Prescription**

The standard silvicultural prescriptions specified in the Forest Practice Act are not compatible with existing timber stand conditions and landowner objectives. Approximately 23 acres are proposed as an alternative prescription harvest. The harvest area typically has a light conifer overstory. The understory consists of Douglas-fir regeneration up to 40 years in age and a mixture of hardwood species including tanoak, live oak, pepperwood and Pacific madrone. Throughout the area small areas of moderately dense regeneration aged to approximately 40 years were marked on a thinning basis. These areas are widely distributed and are generally less than 1/4 acre in size and to small to map individually. Since it is impractical to map these small microsites that are co-mingled with the larger harvest area which most closely resembles a seed tree removal harvest. These small pockets of advanced regeneration were marked on a thinning from below basis with an emphasis on individual tree form and spacing. The post harvest basal area in these thinned areas will exceed 100 Sq. Ft./ac. Total marked as a commercial thinning is estimated to be less than 2 acres. Green culls and healthy trees from the overstory have been designated for retention in seed tree removal areas in order to maintain a variety of wildlife habitat and to provide for stand diversity. Hardwood competition in the rehabilitation unit will be addressed by harvesting tanoak over 6" DBH which is within 18 feet of the stump of any conifer cut within the alternative prescription area.

## CCR 913.6 (b)(1) Current Stand Description and BA to be Cut

SCS soil survey information and field review indicates that the plan area is Site 4 timberland. Field review suggests that Site Class 3 timberland is also present within the plan area as shown on the THP Map. The existing timber stand is a fairly light stand of second growth conifer timber. The stand has a widely scattered overstory of mature conifer timber, which was retained during the previous harvest, and a conifer understory of variable age and density. The overstory has an average age in excess of 80 years. The understory consists of regeneration up to 40 years in age. Conifer basal area is approximately 51 Sq. ft./ac. for trees over 10" DBH. Approximately 14 Sq.Ft./Ac. of conifer basal area will be harvested in this area based on a sample mark of approximately 95%. Less than 15 predominant trees per acre are proposed for harvest. Hardwood competition in the rehabilitation unit will be addressed by harvesting tanoak over 6" DBH which is within 18 feet of the stump of any conifer cut within the alternative prescription area.

**Summary of Current Stand Conditions:** 

<u>Species</u>	% Conifer Stand Composition by BA	Average BA/AC
Redwood	minimal	minimal
Douglas-fir	46 %	51 Sq. Ft.
tanoak	42%	47 Sq. Ft.
live oak, madrone, pepper	wood 12%	14 Sq. Ft.
	100%	112 Sq. Ft.

## CCR 913.6 (2) Stand Management Constraints

No particular stand management constraints are associated with this stand. The plan area is classified as Site Class 3 and 4 as shown on the THP Map.

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L.Susan

Compare and Contrast Proposed Harvest with Standard Silvicultural Methods CCR 913.6 (3)&(4)\_\_\_

Based on the low intensity of the proposed harvest the extent to which advanced regeneration is present the proposed alternative prescription most closely meets the standard definition of a seed tree removal harvest. The proposed harvest is not being submitted as a seed tree removal harvest for the following reasons:

- 1) Trees from all size classes will be retained in the timber stand to maintain site occupancy and to provide a significant degree of diversity in the next timber stand to occupy this site.
- 2) Small areas of advanced regeneration aged approximately 40 years were marked on a thinning basis. These clumps are widely distributed and are generally less than 1/4 acre in size and to small to map individually. Since it is impractical to map these small microsites they were co-mingled with the larger unit.

An explanation of how the proposed alternative prescription will differ from the most nearly feasible method (seed tree removal) in terms of securing regeneration; protection of the soil, water quality, wildlife and disease protection is as follows:

#### a) Regeneration

The proposed alternative will result in substantial quantities of pole and sawlog sized timber remaining on the site. If this were a standard seed tree removal harvest then the entire existing overstory would be harvested with only young conifer regeneration remaining.

#### b) Soil

The proposed alternative prescription will provide soil protection equal to or greater than that associated with a standard seed tree removal harvest on this site. A similar quantity of timber will be harvested and additional disturbance is not likely to occur. Additionally, thinning of overcrowded regeneration at this time will have a beneficial effect of delaying the next entry into this stand.

#### c) Water Quality

The proposed alternative prescription will provide water quality protection equal to or greater than that associated with a standard seed tree removal harvest on this site. A similar quantity of timber will be harvested and additional disturbance is not likely to occur. Additionally, thinning of overcrowded regeneration at this time will have a beneficial effect of delaying the next entry into this stand.

#### d) Wildlife

The proposed alternative prescription will provide more vertical structure and maintain more vegetative variability than would occur if a seed tree removal harvest were made on this site. Some trees greater than 24"+ X 80'+ will be retained to provide an addition degree of stand diversity. A standard seed tree removal harvest on this site would result in the harvesting of the entire stand.

#### e) Disease Protection

The proposed alternative prescription will provide equal protection from disease when compared with a standard seed tree removal harvest on this site. In each case susceptible low vigor trees would be harvested. Some green culls will be maintained on the site for wildlife purposes.

#### Post Harvest Timber Stand Conditions CCR 913.6 (b)(5)

The stand will be stocked at the completion of operations. Where micro-sites are thinned, the basal area standards for commercial thinning will be met. Residual conifer basal area will be highly variable with an overall average estimated to be approximately 37 square feet of basal area per acre in trees over 10 inches in DBH. It is estimated that harvesting as proposed will reduce tanoak presence on this site to approximately 34 Sq.Ft./Ac. of basal area in trees over 10 inches in diameter at DBH. Stocking requirements are expected to be met by point count with the Douglas-fir and redwood at 300 points/ac. on site 3 lands and 150 points/ac. on site 4 lands as shown on the THP Map.

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It is anticipated that future stand management will be uneven aged in nature.

## Method of Determination to be used in Harvesting

Trees to be harvested have been marked by the RPF. Timber marking was done based on tree spacing, tree size, crown class, tree vigor and landowner economic constraints. A sample mark of approximately 95% has been made prior to the PHI to facilitate agency review.

Timber will be marked for harvest on the basis of overall stand improvement. Diseased, damaged and defective trees will be removed. Other trees will be selected for harvest based on their live crown ratio and overall crown position. Douglas-fir will be the favored species for retention but it is anticipated that all species present in the stand will continue to be a long-term stand component. Individual tree spacing and stand damage from harvesting will also be considerations in the tree marking prescription.

Site preparation in excess of normal harvest activity is not proposed in this THP.

#### Selection

Approximately 23 acres of young (30 yr. to 70 yr. old) timber and residual timber from previous harvests has been marked on a selection basis. Timberland within the 23 acre area designated for selection harvest is classified as site class III timberland based upon field review. The residual stand in the selection area will exceed 75 Sq.Ft./Ac. of basal area and meet the seed tree leave requirements of Title 14CCR913.1(c)(1)(A). This area was marked on a selection basis as well as the removal of dominant overstory trees with an emphasis on individual tree form and spacing to promote greater forest health and the growth of high quality timber. The location of the areas designated as selection harvesting is shown on the THP Map.

#### Rehabilitation

An area totaling approximately 3 acres is currently under stocked when considering solely Group A species and has been designated as rehabilitation.

The regeneration plan for this area is as follows:

- a) Site preparation measures will be limited to disturbance associated with normal harvesting activity. Broadcast burning is not considered beneficial or practical on this site and the ground is to steep for mechanical site preparation techniques.
- b) Regeneration will be accomplished by planting redwood and Douglas-fir seedlings. Planting will be preformed the first winter following the completion of operations.

Hardwood competition will be the primary problem associated with conifer seedling survival and growth on this site. Hardwood competition in the rehabilitation unit will be addressed by harvesting tanoak over 6" DBH which is within 18 feet of the stump of any conifer cut within the rehabilitation area.

This THP will achieve {MSP} by meeting the requirements of Title 14 CCR 913.11{c}.

## Additional information concerning THP Items 21b and 21c:

Several existing skid trails located on slopes over 50% in high E.H.R. areas have been flagged for use. One skid trail is proposed for use on slopes over 65% as shown on the THP Map. Each of these trails has been flagged on the ground by the RPF. No new skid trail construction will occur on 65% + slopes, on slopes over 50% in high E.H.R. areas or on slopes over 50% which lead without flattening to a watercourse. In other areas, timber located on isolated steep slopes will be winched up to skid trails located on more moderate ground. Tractor long lining of timber of off short isolated steep slopes minimizes soil disturbance on steeper slopes and does not require new road construction.

Cable yarding was considered as an alternative harvest method. Based on the lack of a road system upslope of the proposed harvest area and it would be necessary to build a large amount of new road to provide access for cable yarding. The required new road would cross steep slopes and intersect numerous watercourses. It is my opinion that cable yarding on this site is not a less damaging feasible alternative based on the amount and type of new road construction, which would be required for cable yarding this unit. Harvesting as proposed will allow for the removal of timber without significant risk to the environment based on the following factors:

- 1) The skidding pattern is generally directed away from WLPZ's and harvest activity on steep slopes is not concentrated in the vicinity of the fluvial system. Substantial amounts of long lining will be required to avoid steep slopes and WLPZ's.
- 2) No new skid trails will be built on slopes greater than 65%, no new skid trails will be built on slopes greater than 50% in areas with a high E.H.R., or on slopes over 50% which lead without flattening to a watercourt
- 3) All skid trails proposed for use in these steep areas are existing and in good condition. I have personate reviewed and flagged these skid trails with yellow "skid trail" ribbon.
- 4) Some benefits will be accrued by properly draining skid roads, which currently have inadequate erosion control structures.

A summary of individual skid trails to be used in conjunction with this harvest which are located on 65%+ slopes is as follows:

#### Skid Trail T1

This is an existing skid trail on slopes over 65%. The trail is about 100 feet long and **does not** lead without flattening on slopes over 50% to a watercourse.

All other skid trails flagged for use are located on slopes under 65% and slopes which do not decline continuously towards watercourses at greater than a 50% slope.

#### Additional information concerning Title 14 CCR 914.2(f):

The primary skidding pattern to be utilized in this timber harvest has been flagged by the RPF and is as shown on the THP Map. The skidding pattern was laid out to use existing skid trails to the maximum extent possible while avoiding skid trails, which concentrate activity in the proximity of watercourses. Temporary skid crossings are minimized. The proposed timber harvest is consistent with the requirements of Title 14 CCR 914.2(f)(2) in that all skid trails to be used where slopes average over 50% have been flagged on the ground and mapped by the RPF.

## Additional information concerning Items 24d, 27a and 27f: Situation #1

#### Standard Rule

CCR 916.3(c) specifies that "The timber operator shall not construct or reconstruct roads, construct or use tractor roads or landings in Class I, II, III or IV watercourses, in the WLPZ, marshes, wet meadows, and other wet areas unless when explained and justified in the THP by the RPF, and approved by the director,..."

#### Description of proposed practice

It is proposed to reconstruct an existing road, which is located within a Class I, WLPZ. The road is located within the WLPZ for a distance of approximately 300 +/- feet.

# How the proposed practice differs from the standard practice

The proposed practice would allow for the reconstruction and continued use of this road even though a portion of this road requiring reconstruction would be located within a class I WLPZ. The standard rule would prohibit reconstruction of this road segment within the WLPZ.

The specific locations where the proposed rule will apply

The proposed road reconstruction is located at THP map point W1.

## Explanation and justification of proposed practices

The proximity of the existing road system, steep slopes above the WLPZ, and the location of watercourses caused me to propose reconstruction of this road segment as the least damaging feasible route for establishing assess to the harvest area. I have been over this area repeatedly and I believe the proposed route is the best route because soil disturbance is minimized and takes advantage of the existing road network and available landing space. Use of this route is justified because it is an integral part of the least damaging feasible harvest system for timber resources located in this area and because the proposed activity can be conducted without significant risk to environmental resources. Within the WLPZ, this route will be seeded and mulched at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 of this THP. Alternative harvest methods would require extensive new road and landing construction on steep slopes in this area.

# Additional information concerning Item 24d, 27a and 27f: Situation #2

#### Standard Rule

CCR 916.3(c) specifies that "The timber operator shall not construct or reconstruct roads, construct or use tractor roads or landings in Class I, II, III or IV watercourses, in the WLPZ, marshes, wet meadows, and other wet areas unless when explained and justified in the THP by the RPF, and approved by the director,..."

## Description of proposed practice

It is proposed to reconstruct an existing road, which is located within a Class I, WLPZ. The road is located within the WLPZ for a distance of approximately 200 +/- feet.

## How the proposed practice differs from the standard practice

The proposed practice would allow for the reconstruction and continued use of this road even though a portion of this road requiring reconstruction would be located within a class I WLPZ. The standard rule would prohibit reconstruction of this road segment within the WLPZ.

## The specific locations where the proposed rule will apply

The proposed road reconstruction is located at THP map point W2.

## Explanation and justification of proposed practices

The proximity of the existing road system, steep slopes above the WLPZ, and the location of watercourses caused me to propose reconstruction of this road segment as the least damaging feasible route for establishing assess to the harvest area. I have been over this area repeatedly and I believe the proposed route is the best route because soil disturbance is minimized and takes advantage of the existing road network and available landing space. Use of this route is justified because it is an integral part of the least damaging feasible harvest system for timber resources located in this area and because the proposed activity can be conducted without significant risk to environmental resources. Within the WLPZ, this route will be seeded and mulched at the completion of operations as specified in item 18 of this THP. Alternative harvest methods would require extensive new road and landing construction on steep slopes in this area.

## Additional Information Concerning THP Item 32.

The WHR "Wildlife Habitat Relationship System" indicates the possible presence of the following species, which are listed as, threatened or endangered:

- a) Northern Spotted Owl (Strix occidentalis caurina)
- Please see Appendix A for additional information concerning the Northern Spotted Owl.
- b) Bald Eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus) is federally listed as an "endangered species". The Mendocino coast is listed as a winter range for the Bald Eagle in the WHR system. It states that for feeding, this species requires large bodies of water or free flowing rivers where fish are abundant and hunting perches are available. This habitat type is not present in the plan area.
- c) Peregrine Falcon (Falco peregrinus) is federally listed as an "endangered species". All of Mendocino County is listed as both summer and winter range for this species. Protective cliffs or ledges and water are usually the necessary elements for breeding and cover. The habitat type as described above is not present within the plan area.
- d) Marbled Murrelet (Brachyramphus marmoratus) is a listed species. No dense stands of large old growth timber are associated with the plan area.
- e) Riparian Brush Rabbit, (Sylvilagus bachmani riparius) is a State listed species. Harvest restrictions in riparian zones will minimize potential impacts to this species. Increases in available forage after harvesting may turn marginal habitat for this species into suitable habitat.

The NDDB was queried for information concerning rare species potentially within the plan area. The NDDB listed occurrences of the following species on the Gube Mountain and Ornbaun Valley quadrangles:

## Northern Spotted Owl Federal Threatened

A qualified DFG biologist has reviewed our plan and determined that the proposed harvest is consistent with regulations concerning the protection of the northern spotted owl. Please see additional confidential addendum concerning the northern spotted owl.

#### Northern Goshawk Federal Category 2

Habitat: In summer, within and in the vicinity of coniferous forests. Usually nests on north slopes near water. Red fir, lodgepole pine, Jeffery pine and aspens are typical nest trees per the NDDB. There are no known sightings of this species on the Galbreath Ranch. The occurrence indicated on the NDDB is for a nest site in the Mailliard Redwoods State Reserve.

A California Department of Fish and Game Memorandum dated 4/9/90 and titled "Lists of and reference to State and Federal Rare, Threatened and /or Endangered Animals and Plants in Sonoma and or Mendocino Counties" was also used to determine the possible presence of threatened or endangered species within the plan area. Appendix "B" of that memorandum lists threatened or endangered plant species, which could be found in Mendocino County. Required habitat descriptions found in this paper are generally absent in the plan area. During the course of the preparation of this THP an informal wildlife survey was conducted by the RPF. No species listed as rare, threatened and/or endangered by the State or Federal governments were observed in the plan area.

The plan area is within the range of the Central California coast coho salmon evolutionarily significant unit, which is a federally defined population, which is listed as threatened under the ESA. Coho salmon and coho salmon habitat may be present adjacent to the proposed harvest area in Yale Creek. Possible impacts from the proposed harvesting operation include, stream channel morphology changes as a result of increased

sediment loads, increased stream temperatures resulting from reduced shade canopy and toxic inputs to the fluvial system which could adversely affect salmonid habitats or their populations. Adverse impacts as described above are not likely because mitigations incorporated in the proposed THP and current regulations governing timber harvesting include restrictions on shade canopy reduction and prohibit significant inputs of sediment or other contaminants into the fluvial system. Current and future LWD supplies associated with salmonid habitats will be maintained due to WLPZ harvest restrictions. Based on the location of the proposed harvest area and the maintenance of timber along watercourses the plan as proposed will not reduce current or future LWD supplies associated with salmonid habitats. It is anticipated that water will be drafted from watercourses for the purpose of dust abatement. Water drafting associated with the proposed harvest will be minimal in nature and will not substantially reduce, divert or obstruct natural flow.

# TIMBER HARVEST PLAN SECTION 4 STATE OF CALIFORNIA BOARD OF FORESTRY CUMULATIVE IMPACTS ASSESSMENTS

(1) Do the assessment area(s) of resources that may be affected by the proposed project contain any past, present, or reasonably foreseeable probable, future projects?								
Yes <u>X</u> No								
If the answer is yes, identify the project(s) and affected resource subject(s).  (please see addendum)								
(2) Are there any continuing, significant adverse impacts from past land use activities that may add to the impacts of the proposed project?								
Yes No _X								
If the answer is yes, identify the activities and affected resource subject(s).								
(3) Will the proposed project, as presented, in combination with past, present, and reasonably foreseeable, probable, future projects identified in items (1) and (2) above, have a reasonable potential to cause or add to significant cumulative impacts in any of the following resource subjects?								
·	Yes after mitigation(a)	No after mitigation (b)	No reasonably potential significant effects (c)					
1. Watershed		<u>X</u>						
2. Soil Productivity		_X						
3. Biological		<u>X</u>						
4. Recreational			<u>X</u>					
5. Visual			<u> </u>					
6. Traffic		***************************************	<u>x</u>					
7. Other		-						

a) Yes, means that potential significant adverse impacts are left after application of the forest practice

rules and mitigation or alternatives proposed by the plan submitter.

- b) No after mitigation means that any potential for the proposed timber operation to cause significant adverse impacts has been substantially reduced or avoided by mitigation measures or alternatives proposed in the THP and application of the forest practice rules.
- c) No reasonably potential significant effects means that operations proposed under the THP do not have a reasonable potential to join with the impacts of any other project to cause cumulative impacts.
- (4) If column (a) is checked in (3) above describe why the expected impacts cannot be feasibly mitigated or avoided and what mitigation measures or alternatives were considered to reach these determination impacts. If column (b) is checked in (3) above describe what mitigation measures have been selected which will substantially reduce or avoid reasonably potential significant cumulative impacts except for those mitigation measures or alternatives mandated by application of the rules of the Board of Forestry.
- (5) Provide a brief description of the assessment area used for each resource subject. (please see addendum)
- (6) List and briefly describe the individuals, organizations, and records consulted in the assessment of cumulative impacts for each resource subject. Records of the information used in the assessment shall be provided to the Director upon request.

(please see addendum)

#### I. CUMULATIVE WATERSHED EFFECTS ASSESSMENT

The following procedure may be used to assess current, overall watershed conditions and potential for future CWE problems that may result from proposed timber operations.

#### A. Beneficial Uses

List the on site and downstream beneficial uses of water that you are aware of and that could be affected by project activities.

(please see addendum)

## B. Watershed Assessment Area

Describe the watershed assessment area, including the reasons for selected boundaries. (please see addendum)

#### C. Current Stream Channel Conditions

1. Is there one or more order 2 or larger stream that (1) flows through or adjacent to the project area, (2) will receive runoff from areas disturbed by project activities, and (3) has a contributing watershed area of more than 300 acres upstream from the point where the stream flows out of the project area?

Yes	X	OF	No	
T 15%		( NF	INE	

If the answer to this question is "yes", continue to question 2. If the answer is "no", skip to question 3.

2. Using a copy of attached Table 1., describe the condition of the order 2 or larger stream channels, or apparently different segments of these channels, that <u>lie within the project boundary and are downstream of the point where the contributing watershed area of the stream is less than 300 acres.</u>

(Enter stream channel or segment identification letters or numbers at the top of the form, identify the CDF water class and the stream order number in the next row, then assign ratings of none, slight, moderate, or severe to each of the listed channel conditions. The location of identified channels and channel segments should be shown on an attached watershed map. Attach additional rating pages and explanatory notes as needed.)

# TABLE 1. CHANNEL INVENTORY FORM

Channel or Segment No.	1	_2_:	_3_	<u>4</u> .	N- none Sl- slight M- moderate
- Class/Order	1/_	1/		<del></del>	
- Gravel embeddedness	<u>N</u>	Sl			Sv- severe
- Pool Filling	<u>_S1</u>	<u>_S1</u>	· ——	<u></u> :	
- Aggrading	S1_	<u>N</u>		<del></del>	
- Bank Cutting	<u>S1</u>	_Sv_		<u></u> :	
- Bank Mass Wasting	N	<u>N</u>	<del></del> ;		
- Down cutting	N	<u>N</u>			
- Scouring	N	<u>N</u>		·	
- Debris Clearing	N	<u>N</u> _		<del>:</del>	
- Debris Jamming	N	<u>N</u>		<del></del> :	
- Canopy Reduction	N	<u>M</u>	·		
- Recent Flooding	N	N			

#### Comments:

Channel Segment #1 This stream channel segment has a slightly steeper gradient than stream channel survey segment #2. The channel bottom is predominately gravel and cobbles with a higher incidence of boulders and bedrock bottoms than segment #2. LWD is present in moderate amounts. Overall shade canopy is estimated to be in excess of 80% cover. Several small pools within the steeper gradients were observed to contain salmonids.

Channel Segment #2 Stream channel characteristics present in this area are typical of other streams of similar size and gradient which I have observed in this area with the exception of bank cutting which is occurring in this area. In some areas stream banks are near verticle with heights in excess of 10 feet. These high banks are being actively eroded by high winter flows in a number of areas. I observed no evidence in the field to indicate whether this occurance is a natural phenomena or whether past land management activities are associated with this channel condition. Pools are infrequent but are present and have depths in excess of 3 feet. LWD is present in moderate amounts. Overall shade canopy is estimated to be 70% cover. Cover for salmonids is provided by woody debris and undercut banks. Salmonids were observed in this stream segment.

North

## MAP TO ACCOMPANY TIMBER HARVESTING PLAN

Yale Creek #2 1998

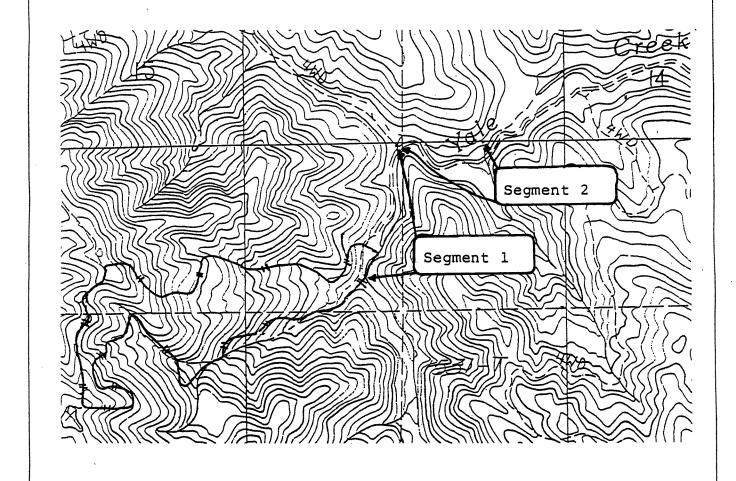
T 12 N

**LEGEND** 

Approximate Plan Area .....

Map Scale is 1": 1,000'

Stream Channel Survey Segment... Segment #



3. Are you aware of any current stream channel conditions, including those listed in previous section C.2, that occur outside of the project boundary, but within the assessment area, that are contributing to a reduction in the beneficial uses of water listed in section A?
Yes or No X
If the answer to this question is "no", skip to question C.4. If the answer is "yes", briefly describe in the space below, and on attached sheets as needed, the channel conditions, their location relative to the project area, and the affected beneficial uses.
Comments: please see addendum
·
•
4. Are you aware of any current stream channel conditions, including those listed in previous section C.2, that occur outside of the assessment area and that are contributing to a reduction in the beneficial uses of water listed in section A?
Yes or No X
If the answer to this question is "no", skip to Section D. If the answer is "yes", briefly describe in the space below, and on attached sheets as needed, the channel conditions, their location relative to the project area, and the affected beneficial uses.
Comments: please see addendum

YN

#### D. Past Projects

Based on your review for this assessment and knowledge of watershed conditions on and off the proposed project area; have past projects in the watersheds of channels within the assessment area resulted in any of the following impacts? (Yes or No)

1.	Increased sediment inputs that embedded gravels, filled pools, or caused channel aggradation within some portion of the stream system?	(Y)N
2.	Increased channel downcutting or bank erosion as a result of increased flows, sediment transport, or other channel modifications?	Y)
3.	Increased water temperatures resulting from canopy removals along stream channels?	Ø N
4.	Inputs of unstable organic debris to streams or lakes?	Ø N
5.	Removal of large organic debris leading to loss of pool habitat?	(Y)
6.	Chemical inputs to streams or lakes?	Y

#### Please refer to Item H: Impacts Evaluation

#### E. Potential On-Site Effects

7. Other (describe)?

Based on current conditions and your knowledge of the impacts of similar past projects, what is the potential of the proposed project, as described and mitigated, to produce the following individual effects?

(High, Moderate, or Low)

1. Increased stream or lake sediment from:

a. Channel or bank erosion.	нмФ
<ul> <li>Streamside or inner gorge mass wasting that could directly enter a stream channel.</li> </ul>	н м 🗓
c. Debris flows or torrents that could move directly into the stream system from sideslopes, swales, small channels, roads, landings, or skid trails.	н м 🛈
d. Debris flows or torrents caused by debris jams.	нм 🖒

	e. Sideslopes mass wasting that directs surface runoff into gullies, swales, or small channels	
	connected to the stream system.	HML
	f. Sheet, rill, or gully erosion that could be discharged into the stream system from roads, landings, or skid trails (include all disturbed areas from the top of the cut to the bottom of the fill.	н <b>(М)</b> L
	g. Sheet, rill, or gully erosion from harvested or site preparation areas that could enter the stream system.	нм (1)
2.	Openings created by project activities along stream channels that could result in substantially increased stream temperature.	н м 🛈
3.	Increased amounts of small organic debris in streams or lakes as a result of project activities.	н м 🕡
4.	Movement of roadway chemicals, machinery fuels, 'pesticides, nutrients released by burning, or other chemicals into streams or lakes as a result of project activities.	н м 🛈
5.	Increased peak flows as a result of vegetation removal, snow accumulation in new openings, or more efficient runoff routing created by project activities.	нм 🛈
6.	Inputs of large organic debris in streams or lakes as a result of project activities.	нмС
7.	Extraction of large organic debris from streams or lakes as a result of project activities.	н м 🛈
8.	Loss of future large organic debris as a result of streamside timber harvesting.	н м 🛈
9.	Other factors (list)	H M L

If all of the Part E factors have been rated "low", go to Part H and check the line labeled "No (after mitigation)" or "No (no reasonably potential significant effects)" as appropriate. In this case, project impacts are non-existent or so slight that they cannot significantly contribute to downstream cumulative effects.

Y N

#### F. Future Projects

Based on your review of current watershed conditions, the effects of past projects, and accounting for currently proposed mitigation measures - Are the identified future projects likely to result in (Yes or No?)

1.	Increased sediment inputs that will fill pools, embed stream gravels, or cause channel aggradation in some portion of the stream system?	ΥN
2.	Increased channel downcutting or bank erosion from increased flows, sediment transport, or other stream modifications?	Y (Ñ)
3.	Additional openings along stream channels that could result in unacceptable increases in water temperatures.	Y <b>(N</b> )
4.	New inputs of organic debris to streams or lakes?	Y (N)
5.	Extraction of large organic debris from streams or lakes?	Y (N)
6.	Chemical inputs to streams or lakes?	Y (N)

#### G. Interactions

7. Other factors (list)

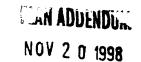
Considering the combined impacts of:

- Beneficial uses of water described in Part A,
- Current stream channel conditions from Part C,
- Effects of past projects listed in Part D, and
- Expected on-site effects of the proposed project from Part E;

1. The proposed project combined with the ongoing effects of

What is the potential for developing adverse cumulative watershed effects in the assessment area, as described in Part B, as a result of:

	past projects, but without the expected impacts of future projects?	нмс
2.	The proposed project combined with the effects of past	^
	projects and the expected impacts of future projects listed in Part F?	н м 🔃



If the answer to both questions 1 and 2 is "low", go to Part H and check the line labeled "No (after mitigation)" or "No (no reasonably potential significant effects)"as appropriate.

If the answer to either or both questions 1 and 2 above is "high", go to part H and check the line labeled "Yes (after mitigation)". Otherwise (if questions 1 and 2 above are both rated as "moderate" or as "moderate" and "low"), continue with part H and follow the instructions for impacts evaluation.

MGII the managed and in the second se	
Will the proposed project, as presented, in combination with the impacts of past and future projects, a	a:
identified in Parts C through F and with the interactions rated in Part G above, have a reasonable	_

H. Impacts Evaluation

potential to cause or add to significant cumulative impacts to watershed resources.
Yes (after mitigation)
No (after mitigation)
No (no reasonable potential significant effects)
If your answer to the above question is "no" and either or both of the questions in Part G are rated as medium, describe your reasons for reaching this conclusion.
This section may also be used to describe situations in which the proposed project, as described and mitigated, will result in positive effects on watershed condition and existing cumulative watershed impacts.
Use separate sheets if necessary.
Please see addendum

#### II CUMULATIVE SQIL PRODUCTIVITY IMPACTS ASSESSMENTS

The following procedure may be used to assess the potential for cumulative impacts on soil productivity as a result of the proposed project alone and in combination with past and future timber operations.

#### A. Soil Productivity Impacts Inventory

Cumulative soil productivity impacts occur when the combined impacts of a sequence of management activities produce a significant reduction in soil productivity. These impacts may occur as part of separate activities on the same <u>project</u>, as residual effects of <u>past projects</u>, and as the likely impacts of future projects.

The assessment area for cumulative soil <u>productivity impacts</u> is limited to the area of the <u>proposed</u> <u>project</u>.

Forest management activities are required to be conducted in a manner that assures "where feasible, the productivity of timberlands is restored, enhanced, and maintained." Therefore, productivity losses resulting from site disturbance in-excess of that required by suitable silvicultural and harvesting practices, whether conducted individually or in sequence, must be considered as significant.

Impact significance must also be considered relative to the seil productivity potential of the area in question. Losses that can be considered acceptable on highly productive lands may be unacceptable, or even exceed the productivity potential, of lower site lands. For example, productivity reductions from loss of growing space associated with development of roads and skid trails necessary for timber management on high site lands may be greater than the total unit-area productivity of a poor site.

#### B. Soil Productivity Resources Assessment

Site factors to be assessed for cumulative soil productivity impacts include:

- 1. Organic matter loss.
- Surface soil loss.
- 3. Soil compaction.
- 4. Growing space loss.

The relationship between these site factors and soil productivity is described in Section B of the Appendix to Technical Rule Addendum No. 2.

The potential impact of successive management activities must be assessed for each of these factors individually and in combination, and the overall impact should be classed as significant when:

- o The area disturbed by <u>proposed</u> timber operations will exceed that required by the silvicultural and harvest systems approved for use under proposed THP, including unnecessary duplication of existing skid trails, roads, landings, yarding disturbance and mechanical site preparation.
- o The amount of organic matter loss and soil displacement with use of the proposed silvicultural and harvesting systems will substantially exceed that of other, feasible systems.

- o The amount of compaction and puddling with use of the proposed silvicultural and harvesting systems will substantially exceed that of other, feasible systems, under the soil moisture conditions expected at the time of proposed operations.
- o The combined loss of soil productivity from loss of growing-space, organic matter loss, soil displacement, and soil compaction from the proposed operations will substantially exceed that of other feasible combinations of silvicultural and harvesting systems.

#### C. Impacts evaluation

Will the proposed project, as presented, alone or in combination with the impacts of past and future projects have a reasonable potential to cause or add to significant, cumulative soil productivity impacts as a result of:

	Yes after mitigation	No after mitigation	No reasonably potential significant impacts
1. Organic matter loss		_X	•
2. Surface soil loss		<u>, X</u>	
3. Soil compaction		_X	
4. Growing space loss		<u> </u>	
5. Any combination of items 1 through 4		_ <u>X</u>	

### III. CUMULATIVE BIOLOGICAL RESOURCE IMPACTS ASSESSMENT

The following assessment is for terrestrial biological resources. Aquatic biological resources are addressed under the "Cumulative Watershed Impacts Assessment" in Section I.

#### A. Biological Resource Inventory

The biological assessment area will vary with the species being evaluated and its habitat requirements. In addition, more than one species may be evaluated and the assessment area may be different for each species. To address cumulative biological impacts:

- 1. Identify any of the following categories of species known or suspected to occur on the assessment area(s) for the <u>proposed</u> timber operations:
  - o rare, threatened, or endangered.
  - o species of special concern (as defined in the Forest Practice Rules
  - o sensitive species.

- 2. Identify any other wildlife or fisheries resource concerns known or suspected to occur within the assessment area(s) of the proposed timber operations.
- 3. Describe the biological assessment area(s), including the reasons for boundary selection.
- 4. Describe the pre-project condition of the biological resources inventoried within the assessment area(s). Lastly, describe the anticipated post-project condition of these biological resources after the completion of the proposed project.

#### B. Habitat Condition

Describe the pre-project condition of the following terrestrial habitat components within the project area and assessment area(s). Lastly, rate the anticipated post-project condition of these habitat components after completion of the proposed project.

		Pre-Proje	ect	Post-Project
1.	Habitat Components Presence of snags/dens/nest trees	On-Site H MON	Off-Site H M N	On-Site H ML N
2.	Amount of downed large woody debris	H <b>∭</b> L N	H <b>∭</b> LN	H <b>∭</b> L,N
3.	Presence of multistory canopy	H <b>M</b> L N	H <b>∭</b> L N	н мФи
4.	Road density	ĤMLN	HM L N	<b>M</b> M L N
5.	Presence of hardwoods	ĤМLN	H M L N	HM L N
6.	Presence of late seral forest characteristics	нм г	H M LN	нм Г
	Continuity of late seral stage forest	нм г	нм ц	H M L N

#### C. Presence of Significant Wildlife Areas

Are any of the following significant wildlife areas located on-site of your proposed operation and off-site within the assessment area(s)?

	On-Site	Off-Site
1. Deer fawning areas	<b>(∑)</b> - №—	
2. Deer migration corridors	Ÿ (N)	Y (8)
3. Deer winter range	<b>∰</b> - N	O N
4. Deer summer range	M (A)	(A) N
5. Wetlands	Ÿ (N)	Y N
6. Riparian areas	Y N	Y N
7. Other	<u> </u>	Y N

Will your operation significantly effect the use of these areas by wildlife? Yes X No

#### D. Other Projects

Identify and discuss the effects of the following projects within the assessment area(s) that might interact with the effects of the proposed timber operation:

- 1. Past and future projects in the biological assessment area(s) under the ownership or control of the timber/timberland owner that did or could cause a significant impact on biological resources.
- Past and future projects planned or expected in the biological assessment area(s) not under the
  control of the timber/timberland owner that did or could cause a significant impact on biological
  resources.

#### E. Interactions

Considering the interactions between

- o the biological resources of the assessment area (Parts A and C).
- o current habitat condition on-site and off-site (Part B).
- o the ongoing effects of past projects (Part D).
- o the effects of future projects (Part D).

What is the potential for developing significant cumulative effects on the biological resources of the assessment area(s) as a result of:

1. the proposed project combined with the effects of past projects without the impacts of future projects?

2. the proposed project combined with the effects of past projects and the expected impacts of future projects listed in Part D?

If the answer to both questions 1. and 2., above, is "low" go to Part F and check the line labeled "NO".

If the answer to either or both questions 1. and 2., above, is "high" go to Part F and check the line labeled "Yes".

Otherwise, if questions 1. and 2., above, are both rated as "moderate" or as "moderate" and "low" continue with Part F and follow the instructions for impacts evaluation.

#### F. Impacts Evaluation

Based on the information gathered by the RPF, the contents of the THP, the forest practice rules, information from the review of other plans, the magnitude of impacts identified in parts A through D, and the interactions rated in Part E, is the proposed project likely to produce significant adverse cumulative effects to the biological resources within the assessment area(s)?

If the answer is "yes", consider feasible alternatives to the proposed project and/or mitigation actions to avoid, minimize, reduce, or compensate significant adverse cumulative impacts to biological resources. These mitigation actions are additional to those in the forest practice rules. If your answer is "yes" proceed to question 1 and/or 2., below. If the answer is "no" proceed to question 3, below.

Will the <u>proposed project</u>, as <u>presented</u>, in combination with the impacts of <u>past</u> and future <u>projects</u> as identified in Parts A through D, the interactions rated in Part E, and considering feasible alternatives and mitigation actions, have a reasonable potential to cause or add to significant cumulative impacts to biological resources within the assessment area(s)?

1.	Yes (after	mitigation)	······	
2.	No (after	mitigation).		$\mathbf{X}$

If you answered question 1., above, describe any alternatives to the project that were considered and explain why they were infeasible or rejected. Also include a similar discussion of mitigations accepted, rejected, and/or infeasible.

If you answered question 2, and/or 3, above, and either or both of the questions in Part E are listed as "moderate" describe your reasons for reaching the conclusion. Use separate sheets as necessary.

#### IV. CUMULATIVE RECREATION RESOURCES IMPACTS ASSESSMENT

#### A. Recreational Resources Inventory

The recreational assessment area is generally the area that includes the logging area plus 300 feet.

To assess recreational cumulative impacts: Identify the recreational activities involving significant numbers of people in and within 300 feet of logging area (examples: fishing, hunting, hiking, picnicking, camping).

Identify any recreational Special Treatment Areas described in the Board of Forestry rules on the plan area or contiguous to the area.

If a public use of the area is identified, continue to Part B.

#### B. Change in Recreational Resources.

Discuss whether the timber operation will significantly alter the recreational opportunities on the logging area or within 300 feet of the logging area. (please see addendum)

#### C. Other Projects.

Information on other projects in the assessment area that might interact with the effects of the proposed timber operation need to be identified and discussed. Discuss the following:

- Any past or future projects in the recreational assessment area that are under the ownership or control of the timber/timberland owner that will impact recreational opportunities used by the public identified in Part A, above.
- 2. Any known future projects planned or expected in the area for assessment of recreational impacts that are not under the control of the timber/timberland owner that will impact recreational opportunities used by the public identified in Part A, above.

#### D. Impacts Evaluation

Will the proposed project, as presented in combination with the impacts of past and future projects, as identified in Parts A through C above, have a reasonable potential to cause or add to significant cumulative impacts to recreation resources?

Yes (after mitigation)	·
No (after mitigation)	
No (no reasonable potential significant effects)	$\mathbf{x}^{!}$

#### V\_ CUMULATIVE VISUAL RESOURCE IMPACTS ASSESSMENT

#### A. Visual Resource Inventory

The visual assessment area is generally the logging area that is readily visible to significant numbers of people who are no further than three miles from the timber operation.

#### To assess visual cumulative effects:

(please see addendum for additional information)

- 1. Identify any Special Treatment Areas designated as such by the Board of Forestry because of their visual values on or near the plan area?
- 2. Determine how far the <u>propo</u>sed timber operation is from the nearest point that significant numbers of people can view the timber operation. At distances of greater than 3 miles from viewing points activities are not easily discernible and will be less significant.

3. Identify the manner in which the public identified in a and b above will view the proposed timber operation (from a vehicle on a public road, from a stationary public viewing point or from a pedestrian pathway).

If the information in item a or b above identifies a significant visual resource, continue with section 2 below.

#### B. Change in Visual Resource.

Discuss the probability of the timber operation changing the visual setting viewed by the public as a result of vegetation removal, creation of slash and debris, or soil exposure. (please see addendum)

#### C. Other Projects

Information on other projects in the assessment area that might interact with the effects of the proposed timber operation needs to be identified and discussed. Discuss the following:

- Any past and future projects in the visual assessment area that are under the ownership or control
  of the timber/timberland owner and that could interact to cause a significant change in any
  identified visual resource.
- Known future projects in the visual assessment area that are not under the control of the timber/timberland owner and could interact with any identified visual resources.

#### D. Impacts Evaluation

Will the proposed project, as presented, in combination with the impacts of past and future projects, as identified in Parts A through C above, have a reasonable potential to cause or add to significant cumulative impacts to visual resources?

Yes (after mitigation)	<u>·</u>
No (after mitigation)	
No (no reasonably potential significant effects)	<b>X</b>

#### VI. CUMULATIVE VEHICULAR TRAFFIC IMPACTS ASSESSMENT

#### A. Traffic Resource Inventory

The traffic assessment area involves the first roads not part of the logging area on which logging traffic must travel. To assess traffic cumulative effects:

Identify whether any publicly owned roads will be used for the transport of wood products. (If the
answer to item a. indicates that public roads will not be used, then no further assessment is
needed).

- 2. Identify any public roads that have not been used recently for the transport of wood products and will be used to transport wood products from the <u>proposed</u> timber harvest.
- 3. Identify any public roads proposed for transport of wood products that have existing traffic or maintenance problems.

#### B. Activity Levels

Discuss how the logging vehicles used in the timber operation will change the amount of traffic on public roads, especially during heavy traffic conditions.

#### C. Other Projects

Information on other projects in the assessment area that might interact with the effects of the proposed timber operation needs to be identified and discussed. Discuss the following.

- 1. Other past or future projects on lands under the control of the timber/timberland owner that will add significantly to traffic on public roads during the period these roads are used by logging vehicles from the proposed timber operation.
- 2. Any known future projects not under the control of the timber/ timberland owner that will impact public road traffic during the period that these roads are used by logging vehicles from the proposed timber operation.

#### D. Impacts Evaluation

Will the proposed project, as presented, in combination with the impacts of past and future projects, as identified in Parts A through C above have a reasonable potential to cause or add to significant cumulative impacts to vehicular traffic on public roads?

Yes (after mitigation)	
No (after mitigation)	
NO (no reasonable potential significant effects)	X

#### Additional Information Concerning Cumulative Effects Analysis

#### **Cumulative Watershed Effects**

#### A. Beneficial uses of onsite and downstream water

Beneficial uses of water on site and adjacent to the plan area are aquatic habitat and watershed production values. Known beneficial uses of water within the assessment area are aquatic and salmonid fisheries habitat. The proposed plan area is located in the Yale Creek Drainage, which is a tributary to Rancheria Creek, which in turn is a tributary to the Navarro River. The Water Quality Control Plan for the North Coast Region (1) lists the following beneficial uses of water for the Navarro river: agricultural and industrial water supply, ground water recharge, navigation, recreation, cold fresh water habitat, wildlife habitat, fish migration route and "high quality aquatic habitat especially suitable for fish spawning.

#### B. Watershed Assessment Area

The proposed harvest area is located within the Yale Creek watershed, which is a contributor to Rancheria Creek. The plan area is located in CDF's planning watershed #113.50012. This area is being utilized for the CWE assessment based on CDF staff recommendation. This watershed unit is approximately 3,909 acres in size.

#### C. 4. Current Stream Channel Conditions Outside the Assessment Area

The Navarro River is listed by EPA on the Section 304(I)(A)(ii) long list "due to degraded habitat and or direct fisheries impairment" (3). This conclusion is based on an unidentified individuals "best professional judgment" and apparently not on any quantitative or qualitative assessment. The Basin Plan 1) indicates that the Navarro River provides "high quality aquatic habitat especially suitable for fish spawning". Yale Creek and Adam's Creek do not appear on this list.

#### D. Past Projects and Land Disturbance History

Based on my review of the records kept at the CDF office at Howard Forest there have been 11 THP's located at least partially within the CWE assessment area during the past 10 years. These harvest permits cover an area of approximately 3742 acres. 1194 of these acres are included in a 1998 NTMP and are not likely to be subjected to immediate harvest on the entire area. Harvest methods included tractor, cable and helicopter yarding. A variety of silvicultural methods were used including selection, clear-cut, seed tree methods, shelterwood prep, transition, sanitation salvage and rehabilitation. A list of these THP's and pertinent information concerning their nature is presented below for your review. Most of the timbered portion of this CWE assessment area was harvested during the post World War 2 lumber period and prior to the advent of a modern Forest Practice Act. Impacts associated with this early harvest triggered a positive response to questions concerning past projects under item "D". The area now appears to be generally well vegetated and stabilized.

#### **Prior Harvest History in CWE Assessment Area**

THP#	Acres	Harvest Method	Silvicultural Method
1-98NTMP-018	1194	tractor/cable	transition
1-97 <b>-</b> 328 <b>M</b>	104	Tractor	Sel, CC, ST1, ST2
1-97-086	134	Tractor	CC,ST2,ST1
1-95-496 <b>M</b>	082	Tractor	Sel., rehab., ST2
1-95-261 <b>M</b>	291	Tractor/helecopter	Sel, Rehab, ST1, ST2 sanatation slavage
1-95-082 <b>M</b>	102	Tractor	CC, sel., ST2 rehab., sanatation sal.
1-93-319 <b>M</b>	373	Tractor	Alt. Prescription

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THP 1-98-415M Revised Page 1/20/99

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1-92-223M	plan is adjacent but not considered to be within assessment area						
1-89-057M	552*	Tractor	SW3				
1-88-703 <b>M</b>	410	Tractor	SW1				
1-88-201	280	Tractor	SW3				
<u>1-88-252</u>	220	Tractor	SW1				

<sup>\* =</sup> acreage within assessment area.

Total acres with harvest permits during the previous ten years = 3742ac.

Note: CC = clear-cut and plant, ST1 = Seed tree seed step, ST2 = Seed tree removal harvest, SW1 = Shelterwood Prep., SW3 = Shelterwood Removal, Sel = selection

#### F. Future Projects

I am not aware of any additional projects, which are being considered within the CWE assessment area. It is likely that additional timber harvesting will occur in the future within this drainage. Since these unknown future projects will almost certainly be regulated under the California Forest Practice Act, it is probable that they will be conducted in a way, which minimizes environmental disruption.

#### E. On-Site Effects & H. Impacts Evaluation

The proposed project has been determined to have a low potential for producing adverse watershed effects based on my knowledge of other similar past projects, which have occurred in similar environmental settings. The following factors associated with the proposed timber harvest are key considerations in my determination that the proposed timber harvest will have a low potential to cause adverse watershed effects.

- a) Heavy equipment within WLPZ's and on steep slopes is strictly limited.
- b) Skidding patterns have been laid out by the RPF to minimize soil disturbance.
- c) LTO's use caution when handling fuel and other potential stream contaminants.
- d) No winter operations are proposed.
- e) Significant improvements to existing road drainage will be made thereby reducing sediment inputs.

#### Soil Productivity Impacts

The assessment area for soil productivity impacts, is the proposed harvest area. The assessment area is as defined in the California Department of Forestry Guidelines for Assessment of Cumulative Impacts dated 8/13/91.

Broadcast burning is not proposed in this THP. Required erosion control measures and the exclusion of fire from the area will prevent significant quantities of organic material from being lost. It also appears that the bulk of the assessment area has not been burned for at least 40 years. Surface soil will be protected by using standard erosion control techniques as described in the THP and FPA. The potential for inadvertently creating new erosion problems as a result of the proposed harvest is being minimized by restricting soil disturbing activities in areas which have characteristically high sediment delivery ratios such as, steep slopes, unstable areas and WLPZ's. Productivity losses from soil compaction and growing space loss will be minimized by using existing roads and skid trails where ever possible and minimizing the overall road and skid trail density.

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<sup>\*\* =</sup> no substantial operations per completion report

#### Terrestrial Biological Resources

The assessment area for terrestrial biological resources is as shown on the attached map. This 3,909 +/- acre area was selected because of its proximity to the plan area and it appears to be typical of the larger surrounding area in terms of vegetative type and past land disturbance history.

The CDF spotted owl database has one Northern Spotted Owl sighting listed as being potentially within 1.3 miles of the THP. Its territory number is MD216. For additional information concerning the spotted owl please see the spotted owl addendum. Additional information concerning wildlife can also be found in the THP addendum.

The assessment area supports substantial numbers of deer. The climate is mild and deer can be observed in this area all year. Therefore it is assumed that deer use the assessment area for fawning, summer and winter range. Riparian areas within and adjacent to the plan area are limited to class 1, class 2 watercourses and springs. Harvest activity is minimized in these areas to protect the water resource.

For the purpose of assessing the presence of "late seral stage forest characteristics" the standard minimum block size of 20 acres was used. 20-acre old growth forest stands with a maximum dispersal of one mile was used for the purpose of ranking "continuity of late seral stage forests".

Based on my review of the records kept at the CDF office at Howard Forest there have been 11 THP's located at least partially within the CWE assessment area during the past 10 years. These harvest permits cover an area of approximately 3742 acres. 1194 of these acres are included in a 1998 NTMP and are not likely to be subjected to immediate harvest on the entire area. Harvest methods included tractor, cable and helicopter yarding. A variety of silvicultural methods were used including selection, clear-cut, seed tree methods, shelterwood prep, transition, sanitation salvage and rehabilitation. A list of these THP's and pertinent information concerning their nature is presented below for your review. Most of the timbered portion of this CWE assessment area was harvested during the post World War 2 lumber period and prior to the advent of a modern Forest Practice Act. Impacts associated with this early harvest triggered a positive response to questions concerning past projects under item "D". The area now appears to be generally well vegetated and stabilized.

#### Prior Harvest History in Terrestrial Biological Assessment Area

THP#	Acres	Harvest Method	Silvicultural Method
1-98NTMP-018	1194	tractor/cable	transition
1-97-328M	104	Tractor	Sel, CC, ST1, ST2
1-97-086	134	Tractor	CC,ST2,ST1
1-95 <b>-496M</b>	082	Tractor	Sel., rehab., ST2
1-95-261 <b>M</b>	291	Tractor/helicopter	Sel, Rehab, ST1, ST2 sanitation salvage
1-95-082M	102	Tractor	CC, sel., ST2 rehab., sanitation sal.
1-93 <b>-</b> 319M	37 <b>3</b>	Tractor	Alt. Prescription
1-92-223M	plan is adjad	cent but not considered to be withir	assessment area
1-89 <b>-</b> 057 <b>M</b>	552*	Tractor	SW3
1-88-703 <b>M</b>	410	Tractor	SW1
1-88-201	280	Tractor	SW3
1-88-252	220	Tractor	SW1

= acreage within assessment area.

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\*\* = no substantial operations per completion report

Total acres with harvest permits during the previous ten years = 3742ac.

Note: CC = clear-cut and plant, ST1 = Seed tree seed step, ST2 = Seed tree removal harvest, SW1 = Shelterwood Prep., SW3 = Shelterwood Removal, Sel = selection

I am not aware of any additional projects, which are being considered within the terrestrial biological assessment area. It is likely that additional timber harvesting will occur in the future within this drainage based on ownership patterns and the extent to which timber resources are present in this drainage. Since these unknown future projects will almost certainly be regulated under the California Forest Practice Act, it is probable that they will be conducted in a way, which minimizes environmental disruption.

#### Recreational Resources

The assessment area is the plan area and the area within three hundred feet of the plan boundary as described in Technical Rule Addendum #2. No Recreational Special Treatment Areas have been designated by the Board of Forestry in or adjacent to the plan area. Within the plan area itself and within 300 feet of the plan area there are no recreational opportunities for the public or "significant numbers of people".

#### Visual Resources

The plan area was determined to be an appropriate visual effects assessment area since the entire area is subject to changing visual conditions. Since the plan area is not readily visible from any vantage point used by significant numbers of people adverse visual cumulative impacts are not expected to occur.

#### Vehicular Impacts

The assessment area for vehicular impacts is State Highway 128, State Highway 253 and State Highway 101. This assessment area was selected because it is the most reasonably feasible haul route from the plan area to the apparent destinations. Forest products are routinely hauled over these state routes. State Highway 101, State Highway 128 and State Highway 253 are high standard roads which are used for commercial transportation of all types. It is not likely that this low volume short duration timber operation could cause or contribute to a traffic congestion problem in this rural area.

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#### List of references consulted during this cumulative effects analysis

- 1) Water Quality Control Plan for the North Coast North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board; December 09, 1993 and revisions of 03/24/94 and 06/22/95.
- 2) California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Guidelines for Assessment of Cumulative Impacts; CDF; August 13, 1991.
- 3) Identifying Sensitive Watersheds; Frank Reichmuth; unpublished paper presented to CLFA on 9/5/91.
- 4) Soil Survey Report Mendocino County Western Part; USDA Soil Conservation Service; (Preliminary) 1987.
- 5) Mean Annual Precipitation in the California Region; U.S. Department of the Interior, Geological Survey, Water Resources Division; 1972.
- 6) USFS, Chapter 20 "Draft" Cumulative Off-site Watershed Effects Analysis U.S.F.S. Handbook.
- 7) Memorandum From the California Department of Fish and Game dated April 9, 1990. "Subject: Lists of and Reference to State and Federal Rare Threatened and/or Endangered Animals and Plants in Sonoma and/or Mendocino Counties
- 8) Endangered, Threatened and Rare Plants of California; published by the California Department of Fish and Game; 10/98.
- 9) Endangered and Threatened Animals of California; published by the California Department of Fish and Game; 10/98
- 10) Northern Spotted Owl Information; Published by California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection; 8/2/90.
- Methods and Materials for Locating and Studying Spotted Owls; Eric Forsman; 1983; Published by U.S. Forest Service (PNW-162)
- 12) CDF Archives for THP Records; Howard Forest CDF Office.
- 13) California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Guidelines for Assessment of Cumulative Impacts Appendix B:; CDF; 8/13/91.
- 14) Mendocino County Resource Inventory; USDA, SCS: 1987.

THP 1-98-415M

- 15) Wac Corporation 1992 Aerial Photographs
- 16) Coho Salmon Considerations for Timber Harvesting Under the CFPA; CDF 04/29/97.

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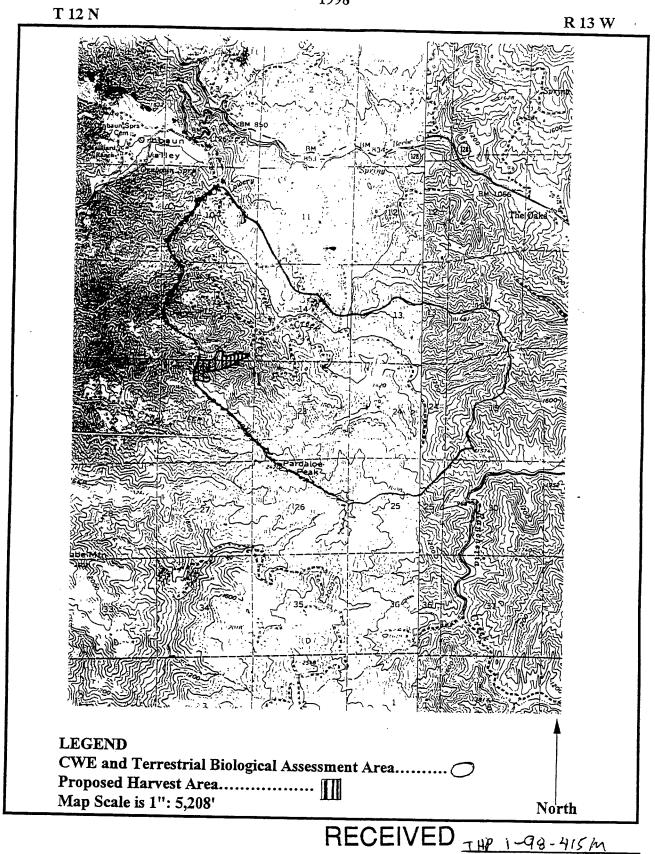
And 2/5/94

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#### MAP TO ACCOMPANY TIMBER HARVEST PLAN Yale Creek #2 1998



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## TIMBER HARVEST PLAN SECTION 5

Yale Creek #2 1998

## APPENDIX A

# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE NORTHERN SPOTTED OWL

Yale Creek #2 Timber Harvest Plan 1998

FLAH ADDENDULI

(DB fill in) ()7.5" (415"
OF FISH AND GAME
SULTATION CHECKLIST
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Nest/Roost
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Date ///18/98 Sestein + 3/16/97
Explain
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AN ADDENDUM

	-		TH	P #	ORIG #
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	and acretistics	to support NSO's:			
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FLAN ADDENDUM

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	A determin	acon max ti	ns potential for un	authorize	d incidental take I	has been minimize	d (C3.	
	operations	to be condu	he potential for un not the start of the	authorize • breeding	d incidental take ( 3 season in the ye		•	
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#### NORTHERN SPOTTED OWL DATABASE

AN ADDENDUM. NOV 2 0 1998

Recorded Observation Information Request (One plan only per each request)

TO: California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection P.O. Box 670	
Santa Rosa, CA 95401	
Attn: Forest Practice	
REQUESTER:	
Name: Lee Susan / Address: 16575 Franklin Road / Fort Bragg, CA 95437 /	
Phone: (707) 964-4566	
Location:  Plan Name: Yale Creek #2  County (s): Mendocino  Legal Description of Plan Area  Tnshp 12N , Rng 13W , Sctn (s) 15 , 22 , 23 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Tnshp, Rng, Sctn (s),,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Quadrangles Ornbaun Valley 15 minute quadrangle.	С
SIGNITURE: RPF#	
CDF Use Only	
DATE RECEIVED: DATE RESPONSE MAILED: 980cf 28	
REQUEST ID NUMBER: 2217 - INSORQST.4M	

RECEIVED

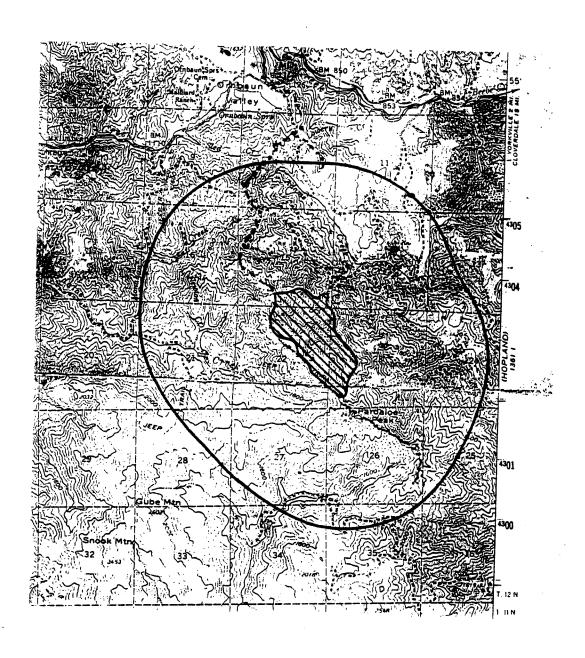
# MAP TO ACCOMPANY REQUEST FOR SPOTTED OWL DATA BASE CHECK Yale Creek #2 1998

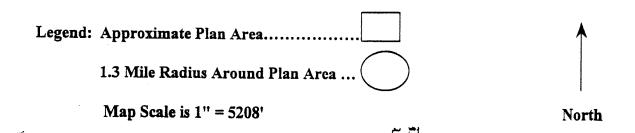
MOV 2 0 1998

T 12 N

Ornbaun Valley 15 min. quadrangle

R 13 W





AN ADDENDUM

**#:** 2127

RPF: SUSAN,L RQST. NO.: 2217

NOV 2 0 1998

10/28/98 Pg: 1

California Department of Fish and Game California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection

NORTHERN SPOTTED OWL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM Version 2.0

REPORT #1

DATA

REPORT OF AREAS SEARCHED

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NOTE: THREE SEPERATE REPORTS ARE GENERATED IF NORTHERN SPOTTED OWL RECORDS ARE KNOWN FROM THE REQUESTED AREA. THE SECOND AND THIRD REPORTS WILL NOT PRINT IF OBSERVATIONS RECORDS ARE NOT FOUND.

AN ADDENDUM.

**#:** 2127

RPF: SUSAN,L RQST. NO.: 2217

NOV 2 0 1998

10/28/98 Pg: 1

California Department of Fish and Game California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection

NORTHERN SPOTTED OWL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Version 2.0

FEBRUARY 1, 1998

REPORT #2

DATA

REPORT OF TERRITORIES FOUND

TERRITORY: MD216

RANCHERIA CR 12N 13W 3 SW NE PVT 91 - P

IOTE: FOR AN EXPLANATION OF THE DATA COLUMNS, USE A "DATABASE REPORT EXPLANTATION SHEET" DATED AFTER JANUARY 1, 1994.

**#:** 2127

RPF: SUSAN,L RQST. NO.: 2217

NOV 2 0 1998

10/28/98 Pg: 1

### California Department of Fish and Game California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection

NORTHERN SPOTTED OWL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Version 2.0

FEBRUARY 1, 1998

REPORT #3

DATA

REPORT OF SIGHTINGS REPORTED FOR TERRITORIES FOUND

TWN ááá	RNG ááá	SECT áááá	1/4 ááá	1/16 áááá	1/64 áááá	DATE SEEN áááááááá	TIME SEEN áááááá	OBSERVER áááááááááááááááá	NO. OF OWLS áááá	AGE- SEX áááá	PAIR áááá	
TER	RITOF	<b>XY:</b> ]	MD216	5								
	13W	. 3.				11/29/90	0	WOOSTER	0			_
	13W	3				12/01/90	0	WOOSTER	0			0
	13W	3				12/28/90	0	WOOSTER	0			0
	13W	3	SW	NE		04/22/91	0	WOOSTER	2	UMUF	Y	0
	13W	3	SW	NE	E	05/01/91	0	WOOSTER	2	UMUF	Y Y	0
	13W	3	SW	NE	E	05/15/91	0	WOOSTER	1	UM	I	0
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### APPENDIX B

## CONFIDENTIAL ARCHAEOLOGICAL ADDENDUM

Yale Creek #2 Timber Harvest Plan 1998

Not for Public Distribution As Per Title 14 CCR 929.1(a)(2)

#### NOTE

Information concerning archeological sites has been removed from THP 1-98-415 MEN in accordance with the policy of the Office of Historic Preservation as adopted by the State Historical Resources Commission under the authority of Public Resources Code 5020.4.

Copies of the information have been sent to the following locations to facilitate review of the project:

- 1. CDF field unit Willits
- 2. Reviewing Archeologist, Mark Gary, Santa Rosa (Region Office)

The original copy of this material is maintained in a confidential file at CDF Region I Headquarters, 135 Ridgway Avenue, Santa Rosa, CA 95401.

Pages 62 - 75.1

## TIMBER HARVEST PLAN SECTION 6

Yale Creek #2 1998

# NOV 2 0 1998

## ESTIMATED SURFACE SOIL EROSION HAZARD RATING WORKSHEET

STATE OF CALIFORNIA BOARD OF FORESTRY

I. SOIL F	ACTORS	•					BOARD OF FORESTRY  FACTOR RATING BY AREA						
	EXTURE												
			Fine	Medium		Coarse	182	182	273	273			
1. DETA	CHABILIT		Low	Moderate		High							==
		Rating	1-9	10-18		19-30	18	18	17	17	$\top$		
2. PERM	EABILITY	<u> </u>	Slow	Moderate		Rapid				·			_
		Rating	5-4	3-2		1		3	3	3	7	$\top$	_
B. DEPTH	H TO RES	TRICTIVE	AYER OR BEDRO	OCK							_L		
			Shallow	Moderate		Deep	7						
			1-19"	20-39"		40-60"(+)							
		Rating	15-9	8-4		3-1	4	4	6	6	<del></del>		
C. PERCE	ENT SURF	FACE COAR	SE FRAGMENTS	CPEATED TU	AN 2 MM (N)	N 2 MM IN SIZE INCLUDING			1	1 0	<u> </u>	Щ_	_
			Low	Moderate	Z IVIIVI IN	High	IG ROCKS	OR STON	ES.				
			<10-39%	40-70%	<del> </del>	71-100%	-						
		Rating	. 10-6	5-3		2-1	9				<del></del>	<del>-,</del>	_
SUBTOTA	4L ->	<b>+</b>				2-1		9	9	9		<del> </del>	
I. SLOPE F	-40705	,				34	34	35	35				
Slope	5-15%	16-309	6 31-40%	T 44 5004			<b>7</b>						
Rating	1-3	4-6	7-10	41-50%	51-70%	71-80%(+)				<del> </del>	,		
	<u></u>	- <u> </u>		11-15	16-25	26-35	12	17	12	17			
I. PROTE	CTIVE VE	GETATIVE	COVER REMAIN	ING AFTER DIS	TURBANC								
			Low	Moden	ate	High- 81-100%							
			40%	41-80	%								
	Rating		15-8	7-4		3-1	5	5	5	5		T	
/. TWO-YE	EAR, ONE	-HOUR RAI	NFALL INTENSI	Y (Hundredths	Inch)					<u> </u>			
		Low	Moderate	High		xtreme	1				•		
		<30-39	40-59	60-69	-	70-80(+)	1					9	
	Rating	1-3	4-7	8-11		12-15	12	12	12	12		]	
		->				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1			<u></u>	
		TOTAL SU	IM OF FACTORS	5→	·		63	68	64	69	•		
***************************************													
				τ	EBUSION F	1A7ADD DATE:							
	<u> </u>				-ROSION F	IAZARD RATING	j						
		<50	50-65	66-75		>75							

<50	50-65	66-75	>75
Low(L)	Moderate(M)	High(H)	Extreme(E)

THE DETERMINATION IS →

## Summit Forestry

Lee Susan 16575 Franklin Road Fort Bragg, CA 95437 (707) 964-4566

Mr. Fred Galbreath P.O. Box 188 Kentfield, CA 94904 November 16, 1998

Dear Mr. Galbreath,

Pursuant to item "13 a" of the THP which I have prepared for your property, I am writing to explain some of the obligations a landowner incurs when they harvest timber on their property in the State of California.

- 1) The California Code of Regulations Title 14 CCR 1035 specifies plan submitter responsibilities pertinent to the harvesting of timber. A copy of Title 14 CCR 1035 has been enclosed for your reference.
- 2) The State of California has certain minimum stocking requirements for timberland that must be maintained or re-established following harvesting. These stocking requirements are specified in Title 14 CCR 912.7 which I have enclosed for your reference.

Where your THP specifies an alternative silvicultural prescription a point count of 300 must be maintained on Site 3 timberland and a point count of 150 must be maintained on Site 4 timberland. Where your THP specifies a selection silvicultural prescription 75 Sq.Ft./Ac. of basal area must be maintained on Site 3 timberland and 50 Sq.Ft./Ac. of basal area must be maintained on Site 4 timberland. At least (4) 24" or (8) 18" conifers per acre must be maintained.

In the rehabilitation harvest area, planting will be required to restock the area to achieve a conifer point count of 150/acre. Also, if conifers are planted which will yield 10 countable trees for each conifer cut in the rehabilitation area, then the site will be considered to be stocked. Please refer to Title 14 CCR 913.4 for more specific details.

3) The State of California requires that erosion control structures be maintained. Primarily, this would include keeping water breaks operational and keeping culverts open to the unrestricted flow of water. Current regulations require that erosion control features be maintained for up to three years after the THP has been completed.

If you have any questions concerning what is required please feel free to call me at any time.

Sincerely yours,

to them -

Lee Susan

§ 912.7

year and support aquatic vegetation, grasses and fords as their principal vegetative cover.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 4526, 4551, 4551.5 and 4553. Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4526 and 4561, Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

- Amendment of Note filed 2-21-79 as procedural and organizational: effective upon filing (Register 79, No. 9).
- Amendment filed 7-2-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 27).
- Amendment filed 7-9-81; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 81, No. 28).
- Amendment filed 9-9-88; operative 10-9-88 (Register 88, No. 38).
- 5. Change without regulatory effect (Register 89, No. 23).
- 6. Adoption of subsection "Marbelet murrelet Habitat" filed 6-27-91 as an emergency: operative 6-27-91 (Register 91, No. 41). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL by 10-24-91 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- 7. Amendment of "Commercial species" to include Pacific Yew filed 1-21-93 as an emergency, operative 1-21-93. (Register 93, No. 4). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL, 5-21-93 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Repealer of "Co-dominant," "Dominant," "Lake," "Logging Area," "Seed Tree," "Skidding or Yarding," "Skid trails," "Tractor roads" and "Waterbreak" filed 1-7-94; operative 3-1-94 (Register 94, No. 1).
- Pacific Yew under "Commercial species" repealed by operation of Government Code section 11346.1 (Register 94, No. 20).
- <sup>1</sup>All Coastal Commission Special Treatment Areas were adopted by the Coastal Commission on July 5, 1977, and they include several specially identified areas, buffer zones adjacent to designated highways within Coastal Scenic View Corridors, and buffer zones adjacent to publicly owned preserves and recreation areas. Maps or designations of Coastal Commission Special Treatment Areas are on file in department offices in the Coast Forest District. Coastal Commission Special Treatment Areas have been designated according to the following criteria:
  - A. Scenic View Corridors
  - B. Sites of significant scenic value
  - C. Wetlands, lagoons, streams, estuaries, and marine environments
  - D. Significant animal and plant habitat areas
- E. Recreation areas

The Coastal Commission has also set forth in its designations special management objectives considered essential by the Coastal Commission for the protection of public values within the Coastal Zone.

The following is a listing of the Coastal Commission Special Treatment Areas. In parentheses following the name of each area are capital letters indicating the specific criteria as listed above. The letters referencing the criteria are listed in order of priority of the significance of the various criteria applicable to the area.

- (a) Del Norte County, Elk Creek Valley (C), Sitka Spruce Grove (D.A), False Klamath Cove (B,A), Klamath River (B,A,C).
- (b) Humboldt County, Freshwater Lagoon (B.C.E), Stone Lagoon (A.B.C.E), Big Lagoon (A.C.B), Big Lagoon Bog (B.C.E), Agate Beach Bluff (B.A), Mattole River (B.C). The King Range National Conservation Area forestlands that parallel the beach: All private inholdings that are within view of the beach trail that are in the recreational zoned western slopes...
- (c) Mendocino County. Usal Creek (A.C), Rockport Beach (B), Hardy Creek Knoll (B), Westport (B), Ten Mile, River (B.C), Noyo River (A.B.C.), Caspar and Doyle Creeks (A), Big River (A.B.C.E), Albion River (A.B.C.D), Navarro River (B,C.A), Navarro to Irish Beach Terrace (A.B), Elk Creek (C.B), Gualala River (B,C.)
- (d) Sonoma County. Gualala River (B,C), Sea Ranch Area (A), Stewarts Point Area (A), Horseshoe, Cove Area (C,B,E), Stockoff Creek and Kolmer Gulch (B,C,D), Fort Ross (A,B), Mill Gulch (A,B), Timber Gulch (A,B), Russian Gulch (A), Sawmill Gulch (A), Sheephouse Creek (A,C,D), Duncan Mills Marsh (A,C,D), South Side of the Russian River (A,B,C,D,E), Willow Creek Headwaters (C,D), Jenner Gulch (C,D), Slaughterhouse Gulch (A,D), Furlong Gulch (A,D), Scotty Creek (C,D), Rough Creek (C,D).
- (e) San Mateo County. San Pedro Valley (A), South Montara Mountain (A,B), Butano Panorama (B,E), Ano Nuevo Uplands (A,B,E).
- (f) Santa Cruz County. Ano Nuevo Uplands (A:B.E), Waddell Creek (A.B.C.E), Bonny Doon Botanic Area (B.D), Molino Creek (A.B).
- (g) Buffer Zones within Coastal Scenic View Corridors in Del Norte, Humboldt and Mendocino Counties.
- (1) Del Norte County. Highway 101 from Crescent City to Smith River town along the west side of the highway.
  - (2) Humboldt County.

(A) Highway, 101 from the Moonstone-Westhaven Exit to Big Lagoon Bridge along both sides of the highway.

- (B) Old Highway 101 from Trinidad north to Patrick's Point State Park entrance along both sides of the road.
- (3) Mendocino County. Highway I from Ten Mile River to Sonoma County line along both sides of the highway.
- (h) Buffer Zones adjacent to all publicly owned preserves and recreation areas, including national, state, regional, county, and municipal parks.

## § 912.5. Procedure for Estimating Surface Soil Erosion Hazard Rating.

A proposed plan shall show the estimated erosion hazard ratings of the plan area, by areas, down to 20 acres (8.1 ha) if such a breakdown will change the estimated erosion hazard of individual areas. The plan shall show high and extreme erosion hazard ratings, by areas, down to 10 acres (4.047 ha) if such a breakdown will change the erosion hazard of the individual areas. Specific erosion hazard areas not fitting the above minimum win be considered independently and protective measures commensurate with the problem applied. These measures are covered in Chapter 4. Subchapter 4 of the California Code of Regulations.

To estimate the erosion hazard rating of any plan or portion thereof, the forester (RPF) shall follow the procedures and requirements contained in Board Technical Rule Addendum #1, dated February 1, 1990. Appropriate weights for the factors in the Estimated Surface Soil Erosion Hazard, Form L in the Addendum, shall be calculated and the factors shall be summed to give the rating. A copy of the calculations from Form I shall be attached to the timber harvesting plan. A copy of the Board Technical Rule Addendum #1 can be obtained from the State Board of Forestry at the Resources Building, 1416 9th Street, Room 1506–14. Sacramento, CA 95814.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4562.5, Public Resources Code. Reference: Section 4562.5, Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

- New NOTE filed 2-21-79 as procedural and organizational; effective upon filing (Register 79, No. 9).
- Repealer and new section filed 7-2-82; designated effective 1-1-83 (Register 82, No. 27).
- 3. Amendment filed 12-4-89; operative 2-1-90 (Register 89, No. 50).

## § 912.7. Resource Conservation Standards for Minimum Stocking.

The following resource conservation standards constitute minimum acceptable stocking in the Coast Forest District after timber operations have been completed.

- (a) Rock outcroppings, meadows, wet areas, or other areas not normally bearing commercial species shall not be considered as requiring stocking and are exempt from such provisions.
- (b) An area on which timber operations have taken place shall be classified as acceptably stocked if either of the standards set forth in (1) or (2) below are met within five (5) years after completion of timber operations unless otherwise specified in the rules.
- (1) An area contains an average point count of 300 per acre on Site I. II and III lands or 150 on Site IV and V lands to be computed as follows:
- (A) Each countable tree (Ref. CCR. Title 14. Section 895.1) which is not more than 4 inches d.b.h. counts 1 point.
- (B) Each countable tree over 4 inches but less than 12 inches d.b.h. counts 3 points.
  - (C) Each countable tree over 12 inches d.b.h. counts as 6 points.
- (D) Root crown sprouts will be counted using the average sump diameter 12 inches above average ground level of the original stump from which the sprouts originate, counting one sprout for each foot of stump diameter to a maximum of 6 per sump.
- (2) The average residual basal area, measured in stems 1 inch or larger in diameter, is at least 85 square feet per acre on Site I lands, and 50 square feet per acre on lands of Site II classification or lower. Site classification shall be determined by the RPF who prepared the plan.
- (c) The resource conservation standards of the rules may be met with Group A and/or B commercial species. The percentage of the stocking requirements met with Group A species shall be no less than the percentage of the stand basal area they comprised before harvesting. The site occupancy provided by Group A species shall not be reduced relative to

Group B species. When considering site occupancy, the Director shall consider the potential long term effects of relative site occupancy of Group A species versus Group B species as a result of harvest. If Group

species will likely recapture the site after harvest, Group B species do not need to be reduced. The time frames for recapturing the site shall be consistent with achieving MSP. The Director may prohibit the use of Group A and/or B commercial species which are non-indigenous or are not physiologically suited to the area involved. Exceptions may be approved by the Director if the THP provides the following information and those exceptions are agreed to by the timberland owner:

- (1) Explain and justify with clear and convincing evidence how using Group A nonindigenous, or Group B species to meet the resource conservation standards will meet the intent of the Forest Practice Act as described in PRC Section 4513. The discussion shall include at least:
  - (A) the management objectives of the post-harvest stand;
- (B) a description of the current stand, including species composition and current stocking levels within the area of Group B species. The percentage can be measured by using point-count, basal area, stocked plot, or other method agreed to by the Director.
- (C) the percentage of the post-harvest stocking to be met with Group B species. Post harvest percentages will be determined on the basis of stocked plots. Only the methods provided by 14 CCR 1070-1075 shall be used in determining if the standards of PRC Section 4561 have been met.
- (D) a description of what will constitute a countable tree, as defined by PRC Section 4528 for a Group B species and how such a tree will meet the management objectives of the post-harvest stand.

The Director, after an initial inspection pursuant to PRC Section 4604, shall approve use of Group B species, as exceptions to the pre-harvest basal area percentage standard, if in his judgement the intent of the Act will be met, and there will not be an immediate significant and long-term 'arm to the natural resources of the state.

OTE: Authority cited: Sections 4551, 4553 and 4561.1, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4561 and 4561.1, Public Resources Code.

- 1. New NOTE filed 2-21-79 as procedural and organizational; effective upon filing (Register 79, No. 9).
- 2. Editorial correction filed 12-2-82 (Register 82, No. 49).
- 3. Editorial correction filed 8-29-84; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 84. No. 35).
- 4. Amendment filed 9-9-88; operative 10-9-88 (Register 88, No. 38).
- 5. Amendment of subsection (c) and (c)(1) filed 1-7-94; operative 3-1-94 (Register 94, No. 1).
- 6. Amendment of subsection (c) filed 5-16-94; operative 5-16-94 (Register 94. No. 20).

#### § 912.8. Progeny, Clonal, or Provenance Testing Stocking Standard Exemption.

Pursuant to PRC 4561.7, the following standards shall apply to the request for an exemption from the stocking standards of the Act for progeny, clonal, or provenance testing.

- (a) Any THP submitted pursuant to Section 4561.7 of the Public Resources Code shall include the following information, in addition to other requirements of the rules of the Board.
  - (1) A specific request for an exemption from stocking standards; and
  - (2) A description of the testing to be conducted on the site.
- (b) The exemption from stocking shall become effective upon the Director's determination that the timber harvesting plan is in conformance with the rules and regulations of the Board.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4561.7, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4561.7 and 4582.75, Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

1. New section filed 12-11-86; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 86, No.

## § 912.9. Cumulative Impacts Assessment Checklist.

#### STATE OF CALIFORNIA BOARD OF FORESTRY

CUMULATIVE IMPACTS ASSESSMENT

(1) Do the assessment area(s) of r	esources that may be affected by the
proposed project contain any past,	esources that may be affected by the present, or reasonably foreseeable
probable future projects?	

The second profit of the first the second of If the answer is yes, identify the project(s) and affected resource sub-

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(2) Are there any continuing, significant adverse impacts from past: land use activities that may add to the impacts of the proposed project? through the first symbols

\_ No\_ -01 vs 200 at Desarrated on sour If the answer is yes, identify the activities and affected resource sub-Anderstation of Comments of the Comment V ject(s).

(3) Will the proposed project, as presented, in combination with past, present, and reasonably foreseeable probable future projects identified in items (1) and (2) above, have a reasonable potential to cause or add to significant cumulative impacts in any of the following resource subjects?

potential -	Yes after No after			
	_ <u></u>		Watershed	1.
Signatura di Santa di	. พ.ศ. ค.ศ. สมสารเสรา		Soil Productivity	2.
W. Strammer	Consider the Constant State of the Constant			3.
returns carrierad	The Carlo Continue to the Control	-	Recreation	4.
miller comment	The second of the leading better the			5.
Rest Commenced	The same watches	. —		6.
	200 TREE 201 200 \$100		Other	7.
in. 10 m 10 m	e de la composition della comp		Soil Productivity Biological Recreation Visual Traffie Other	3.

- a) Yes, means that potential significant adverse impacts are left after application of the forest practice rules and mitigations or alternatives proposed by the plan submitter. weeks control promised absolutely to
- b) No after mitigation means that any potential for the proposed timber operation to cause significant adverse impacts has been substantially reduced or avoided by mitigation measures or alternatives proposed in the THP and application of the forest practice rules: Application with the forest practice rules application of the forest practice rules.
- c) No reasonably potential significant effects means that the operations proposed under the THP do not have a reasonable potential to join with the impacts of any other project to cause cumulative impacts.
- (4) If column (a) is checked in (3) above describe why the expected impacts cannot be feasibly mitigated or avoided and what mitigation measures or alternatives were considered to reach this determination. If col umn (b) is checked in (3) above describe what mitigation measures have been selected which will substantially reduce or avoid reasonably potential significant cumulative impacts except for those mitigation measures or alternatives mandated by application of the rules of the Board of Foror Mencioline Capity Visit Cross. estry.
- (5) Provide a brief description of the assessment area used for each re-ात । सन्यक्षित्रं क्षेत्रक्षेत्रं स्थापना होत्रः उत्तर सम्बद्धाः क्षेत्रक्षेत्रं स्थापना सम्बद्धाः source subject.
- (6) List and briefly describe the individuals, organizations, and records consulted in the assessment of cumulative impacts for each resource subject. Records of the information used in the assessment shall be provided to the Director upon request.

#### BOARD OF FORESTRY TECHNICAL RULE ADDENDUM NO. 2000 CUMULATIVE IMPACTS ASSESSMENT

The purpose of this addendum is to guide the assessment of cumulative impacts as required in 14 CCR 898 and 1034 that may occur as a result of proposed timber operations. This assessment shall include evaluation of both on-site and off-site interactions of proposed project activities with the impacts of past and reasonably foreseeable future projects.

In conducting an assessment, the RPF must distinguish between onsite impacts that are mitigated by application of the Forest Practice Rules and the interactions of proposed activities (which may not be significant

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small group areas. A sample area must be marked prior to a preharvest inspection for evaluation. The sample area shall include at least 10% of the harvest area up to a maximum of 20 acres per stand type which is representative of the range of conditions present in the area.

- (2) Post harvest stand stocking levels shall be stated in the THP. The level of residual stocking shall be consistent with maximum sustained production of high quality timber products. In no case shall stocking be reduced below the following standards:
  - (A) Selection System.
- On Site I lands at least 125 square feet per acre of basal area shall be retained.
- On Site II and III lands at least 75 square feet per acre of basal area shall be retained.
- 3. On Site IV and V lands at least 50 square feet per acre) of basal area shall be retained.
- 4. Unless the plan submitter demonstrates how the proposed harvest will achieve MSP pursuant to Section 913.11(a) or (b), the residual stand shall contain sufficient trees to meet at least the number, size, and phenotypic quality of tree requirement specified under the seed tree method.
  (B) Group Selection.

1. At least 80% of the stocked plots must meet the Basal Area stocking standards of 913.2(a)(2)(A).

 Not more than 20% of the stocked plots may meet stocking standards utilizing the 300 point count standard with trees that are at least 10 (ten) years old.

3. The RPF may offset or skip up to 8 plots per 40 plots where those plot centers are initially placed within small group clearings created during the current harvest. Unless substantially damaged by fire, the RPF shall not exclude small group clearings created by previous timber harvesting from the stocking survey.

4. Unless the plan submitter demonstrates how the proposed harvest will achieve MSP pursuant to Section 913.11(a) or (b), the residual stand shall contain sufficient trees to meet at least the number, size, and phenotypic quality of tree requirement specified under the seed tree method.

(3) Within any THP, small group clearings under the selection method shall be separated by a logical logging area.

(4) Following completion of timber operations (including site preparation) not more than 20 percent of the THP area harvested by this method shall be covered by small group clearings.

(5) Exceptions to stocking standards in 913.2(a)(2) above may be granted only when proposed by the RPF and explained and justified in the plan, but in no case will the exceptions be less than specified in 14 CCR 912.7(b)(2). Exceptions may only be granted when the RPF clearly demonstrates that the existing stand will grow substantially less than both the potential site productive capacity and the proposed post harvest stand.

(b) Transition.

The transition method may be used to develop an unevenaged stand from a stand that currently has an unbalanced irregular or evenaged structure. The transition method involves the removal of trees individually or in small groups from irregular or evenaged stands to create a balanced stand structure and to obtain natural reproduction.

(1) This method is used no more than twice to increase stocking and improve the balance of age classes so as to allow the residual stand to be managed by the selection or group selection method.

(2) Stands suitable for the transition method contain adequate quantity and quality of seed producing trees to provide maximum regeneration for new age classes. Stands suitable for this method have no more than 25 sq. ft. of basal area greater than the selection basal area standards. Area for determination of preharvest stocking levels shall be no greater than 20 acres in size if such a breakdown will change the stocking levels of individual areas.

(3) Trees to be harvested or trees to be retained shall be marked by or under the supervisor of the RPF before felling operations. A sample area must be marked before preharvest inspection for evaluation. The sample area shall include at least 10% of the harvest area up to a maximum of 20

acres per stand type which is representative of the range of conditions present.

- (4) Immediately following the completion of timber operations on the first use of this method, the minimum basal area standards in 14 CCR 912.7(b)(2) shall be met.
- (5) Unless the plan submitter demonstrates how the proposed harvest will achieve MSP pursuant to Section 913.11(a) or (b), the residual stand shall contain sufficient trees to meet at least the number, size, and phenotypic quality of the leave tree requirement specified under the seed tree method.
- (6) Following completion of timber operations (including site preparation) not more than 20 percent of the THP area harvested by this method shall be covered by small group clearings.

(7) No sooner than ten years following completion of the first entry with this method a second harvest using this method may be conducted.

- (A) The standards of (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) above shall apply to the second entry.
- (B) The THP submitter must provide the Director sufficient information such as growth and stand description to demonstrate that the standards of the selection method will be met for subsequent selection harvests.

(c) Within six months following completion of timber operations conducted pursuant to the selection and transition methods as described in the plan, a report of stocking shall be filed as stated in PRC Section 4587.

(d) In the absence of a Sustained Yield Plan, to maintain and improve tree species diversity, genetic material, and seed production, trees of each native commercial species where present at the time of harvest shall be retained after harvest. These leave trees shall be representative of the best phenotypes available in the preharvest stand. The RPF may propose and the Director may agree to a species specific plan in the THP which protects existing regeneration or provides for regeneration in-lieu of retaining trees.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4561, Public Resources Code, Reference: Sections 4561 and 4582(h), Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

- Amendment of subsection (a) and new NOTE filed 2-21-79; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No. 9).
- Repealer and new section filed 1-11-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 3).
- Change without regulatory effect of subsection (c) filed 5-24-89 (Register 89, No. 23).
- 4. Editorial correction of subsection (c) (Register 91, No. 28).
- Amendment of section heading and section filed 1-7-94; operative 3-1-94 (Register 94, No. 1).
- Amendment of subsections (a)(2)(A)4. (a)(2)(B)2 and 4 and (b)(5) filed 5-16-94: operative 5-16-94 (Register 94, No. 20).

### § 913.2.5. Even-Aged Size Limits.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4551, 4553 and 4561, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4512, 4513, 4561, 4582(h) and 21001, Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

- New section filed 11-25-91 as an emergency; operative 11-25-91 (Register 92. No. 25). A Certificate of Compliance must be transmitted to OAL 3-24-92 or emergency language will be repealed by operation of law on the following day.
- Repealer of emergency adoption filed 11-25-91 by operation of Government Code section 11346.1(g) (Register 92, No. 40).

# § 913.3. Intermediate Treatments.

- (a) Commercial Thinning. Commercial thinning is the removal of trees in a young-growth stand to maintain or increase average stand diameter of the residual crop trees, promote timber growth, and/or improve forest health. The residual stand shall consist primarily of healthy and vigorous dominant and codominant trees from the preharvest stand.
- (1) Post harvest stand stocking levels shall be stated in the THP. The level of residual stocking shall be consistent with maximum sustained production of high quality timber products. Generally stands will develop stand structures with considerably higher levels of basal area than pro-

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vided in these minimum standards as stand age increases. In no case shall stocking be reduced below the following standards:

- (A) Where the preharvest dominant and codominant crown canopy is occupied primarily by trees greater than 14 inches DBH:
  - 1. On Site I lands at least 125 sq.ft. per acre of basal area shall be left.
- 2. On Site II and III lands at least 100 sq.ft. per acre of basal area shall be left.
  - 3. On Site IV lands at least 75 sq.ft. per acre of basal area shall be left.
  - 4. On Site V lands, at least 50 sq.ft. per acre of basal area shall be left.
- (B) Where the preharvest dominant and codominant crown canopy is occupied primarily by trees less than 14 inches DBH, a minimum of 100 trees per acre over 4 inches DBH shall be retained for site I, II and III. For site IV and V 75 trees per acre over 4 inches DBH shall be retained.
- (2) Exceptions to these stocking standards may be proposed by the RPF when explained and justified in the plan, but in no case will the standards be below those specified in 14 CCR 912.7(b)(2).
- (3) For stands harvested in compliance with 14 CCR 913.3(a)(1)(A). the trees to be harvested or the trees to be retained shall be marked by or under the supervision of the RPF prior to felling operations. For all thinning proposals, a sample area must be marked prior to a preharvest inspection for evaluation. The sample area shall include at least 10% of the thinning area up to a maximum of 20 acres per stand type which is representative of the range of conditions present in the area. The Director may waive the marking requirements for the remainder of the THP area when explained and justified in the THP.
- (4) Within six months following completion of timber operations as described in the plan a report of stocking shall be filed as stated in PRC
- (b) Sanitation-Salvage. Sanitation is the removal of insect-attacked or diseased trees in order to maintain or improve the health of the stand. Salvage is the removal of only those trees which are dead, dying or deteriorating, because of damage from fire, wind, insects, disease, flood or other injurious agents. Salvage provides for the economic recovery of trees prior to a total loss of their wood product value. Sanitation and salvage may be combined into a single operation. The following requirements apply to the use of the sanitation-salvage treatment:
- (1) The RPF shall estimate in the THP expected level of stocking to be retained upon completion of operations.
- (2) Immediately upon completion of operations, the area shall meet the stocking standards of 14 CCR 912.7(b) unless explained and justified in the plan. If stocking is to be met immediately following completion of operations, a report of stocking shall be filed within 6 months of completion. If this standard cannot be met, the area must be planted during the first planting season following completion of operations and the minimum stocking standards of 14 CCR 912.7(b)(1) must be met within 5 years following completion of operations.
- (3) Trees to be harvested or trees to be retained shall be marked by or under the supervision of the RPF prior to felling operations. When openings greater than .25 acres will be created, the boundaries of the small group(s) may be designated in lieu of marking individual trees within the small group areas. A sample area must be marked prior to a preharvest inspection for evaluation. The sample area shall include at least 10% of the area, up to a maximum of 20 acres per stand type, whichever is less, which is representative of the range of conditions present in the area. The Director may waive the marking requirement for the remainder of the THP area when explained and justified in the THP.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4561, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4582(d), (h) and 4587, Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

- 1. New NOTE filed 2-21-79 as procedural and organizational: effective upon filing (Register 79, No. 9).
- 2. Repealer and new section filed 1-11-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 3).
- 3. New subsection (c) filed 1-23-985; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 85. No. 4).
- 4. Change without regulatory effect filed 5-25-89 (Register 89, No. 23).
- 5. Editorial correction of subsections (a)(2) and (c)(2) (Register 91, No. 28).

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6. Amendment filed 1-7-94; operative 3-1-94 (Register 94, No. 1).

## § 913.4. Special Prescriptions.

The following special harvesting methods are appropriate under certain conditions:

- (a) Special Treatment Areas Prescriptions. Special consideration in Special Treatment Areas shall be given to selection of a regeneration method or intermediate treatment compatible with the objectives for which the special area was established. Such areas shall be identified in the plan. To assure the integrity of legally designated historical and archaeological sites and legally designated ecological reserves, and that the objectives of the special treatment areas are met, the RPF and the Director may agree, after on-the-ground inspection, if requested by either party, on specific silvicultural and logging practices to protect such areas. The Director shall notify affected agencies or groups with expertise in the resource involved in the special treatment area of any such areas located during the THP review process.
- (b) Rehabilitation of Understocked Area Prescription. For the purposes of restoring and enhancing the productivity of commercial timberlands which do not meet the stocking standards defined in 14 CCR 912.7 prior to any timber operations on such lands, an area may be harvested provided it is restocked in accordance with sub-sections (1) or (2). To facilitate restocking, a regeneration plan must be included in the THP. The regeneration plan shall include site preparation, method of regeneration, and other information appropriate to evaluate the plan.
- (1) If the area meets the standards of 14 CCR 912.7 within five years of completion of timber operations, the area shall be considered acceptably stocked, or shall be considered acceptably stocked if it contains at least 10 planted countable trees for each tree harvested on sites I, II, and III, and 5 planted countable trees for each tree harvested on site IV and
- (2) On understocked timberlands where no countable conifer trees n are to be harvested and the broadleaf species are not designated for management, the area shall be planted to equal or exceed the stocking standards of 14 CCR 912.7(b)(1) and shall be considered acceptably stocked if within five years of completion of timber operations it contains at least an average point count of 150 of Group A species on all site classifications.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 4551, 4553 and 4561, Public Resources Code. Reference: Section 4582.5, Public Resources Code.

## HISTORY

- 1. New Note filed 2-21-79 as procedural and organizational; effective upon filing (Register 79, No. 9).
- 2. Repealer and new section filed 1-11-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 3).
- 3. Change without regulatory effect filed 5-24-89 (Register 89, No. 23).
- 4. Amendment of subsection (a) and NOTE filed 11-27-91; operative 12-27-91 (Register 92, No. 25).
- 5. Amendment of section heading and section filed 1-7-94; operative 3-1-94 (Register 94. No. 1).

# § 913.5. Stocking Status.

Under any regeneration method where artificial regeneration is specified in the plan to restock the logged area, a preliminary report on the degree of stocking shall be submitted to the Director annually, between October 1 and December 31, beginning two years following completion of logging by the timber owner or his/her agent until the stocking standard of 14 CCR 912.7 is met or exceeded or as otherwise required. This report shall indicate the degree of stocking achieved and any additional measures that will be taken to stock the logged area.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4561, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4561, 4587 and 4588, Public Resources Code.

# HISTORY

- 1. New NOTE filed 2-21-79 as procedural and organizational; effective upon filing (Register 79, No. 9).
- 2. Amendment filed 7-2-79: effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 79, No.
- 3. Repealer and new section filed 1-11-83; effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 83, No. 3).

#### HISTORY

 Renumbering and amendment of Section 1034.1 to Section 1032.7 filed 2-2-82: effective thirtieth day thereafter (Register 82, No. 6).

# § 1034.2. Professional Judgment.

Where the rules or these regulations provide for the exercise of professional judgment by the forester (RPF) or the Director, the parties, at the request of either party shall confer on the plan area during the initial preharvest inspection provided for by law to reach agreement if possible on the conditions and standards to be included in the plan.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4552, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4582.7 and 4582.75, Public Resources Code.

# § 1035. Plan Submitter Responsibility.

The plan submitter, or successor in interest, shall:

- (a) Ensure that an RPF conducts any activities which require an RPF.
- (b) Provide the RPF preparing the plan or amendments with complete and correct information regarding pertinent legal rights to, interests in, and responsibilities for land, timber, and access as these affect the planning and conduct of timber operations.
- (c) Sign the THP certifying knowledge of the plan contents and the requirements of this section.
- (d) Within five (5) working days of change in RPF responsibilities for THP implementation or substitution of another RPF, file with the Director a notice which states the RPF's name and registration number, address, and subsequent responsibilities for any RPF required field work, amendment preparation, or operation supervision. Corporations need not file notification because the RPF of record on each document is the responsible person.
- (e) Provide a copy of the approved THP and any approved operational amendments to the LTO.
- (f) The plan submitter shall notify the Director prior to commencement of site preparation operations. Receipt of a burning permit is sufficient notice.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4552, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4582 and 4582.5, Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

- Repealer and new section filed 9-26-89; operative 10-26-89 (Register 89, No. 40). For prior history, see Register 88, No. 32.
- 2. New subsection (f) filed 12-4-89; operative 2-1-90 (Register 89, No. 50).

# § 1035.1. Registered Professional Forester Responsibility.

Upon submission of a THP, the Registered Professional Forester (RPF) who prepares and signs a plan is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of its contents. The RPF preparing the plan shall:

- (a) State in the THP the work which will be performed by the RPF plan preparer (beyond preparation of the THP and attending the pre-harvest inspection if requested by the Director), and any additional work requiring an RPF which the plan preparer does not intend to perform. This may include, but is not limited to, field work in identifying watercourse and lake protection zones or special treatment areas, marking trees, or other activities. The RPF is only responsible for the activities set forth in the plan when employed for that purpose, or required by the rules of the Board.
- (b) In writing, inform the plan submitter(s) of their responsibility pursuant to Section 1035 of this Article, and the timberland owner(s) of their responsibility for compliance with the requirements of the Act and where applicable, Board rules regarding site preparation, stocking, and maintenance of roads, landings, and erosion control facilities.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4552, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4583.2 and 4583.5, Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

Repealer and new section filed 9-26-89; operative 10-26-89 (Register 89, No. 40). For prior history, see Registers 88, No. 32 and 79, No. 44.

# § 1035.2. Interaction Between RPF and LTO.

From the start of the plan preparation process but before commencement of operations, the responsible RPF or supervised designee familiar with on-site conditions, shall meet with either the LTO, or supervised designee, who will be on the ground and arrect rapposed for the harvesting operation. The meeting shall be onsite if requested by either the RPF
or LTO. If any amendment is incorporated to the plan by an RPF after the
first meeting, the RPF shall comply with the intent of this section by explaining relevant changes to the LTO: if requested by either the RPF or
LTO, another on-site meeting shall take place.

The intent of any such meeting is to assure that the LTO:

- (a) Is advised of any sensitive on-site conditions requiring special care during operations.
- (b) Is advised regarding the intent and applicable provisions of the approved plan including amendments.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 4551 and 4552. Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4581 and 4582, Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

1. Repealer and new section filed 9-26-89; operative 10-26-89 (Register 89, No. 40). For prior history, see Registers 88, No. 32 and 79, No. 44.

# § 1035.3. Licensed Timber Operator Responsibilities.

Each Licensed Timber Operator shall:

- (a) Inform the responsible RPF or plan submitter, either in writing or orally, of any site conditions which in the LTO's opinion prevent implementation of the approved plan including amendments.
- (b) Be responsible for the work of his or her employees and familiarize all employees with the intent and details of the operational and protection measures of the plan and amendments that apply to their work.
- (c) Keep a copy of the applicable approved plan and amendments available for reference at the site of active timber operations.
- (d) Comply with all provisions of the Act, Board rules and regulations, the applicable approved plan and any approved amendments to the plan. Note: Authority cited: Sections 4551, 4552 and 4571, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 4528.5 and 4571, Public Resources Code.

#### HISTORY

1. New section filed 9-26-89; operative 10-26-89 (Register 89, No. 40).

# § 1035.4. Notification of Commencement of Operations.

Each calendar year, within fifteen days before, and not later than the day of the start up of a timber operation, the Timber Harvesting Plan Submitter, unless the THP identifies another person as responsible, shall notify CDF of the start of timber operations. The notification, by telephone or by mail, shall be directed to the appropriate CDF Ranger Unit Headquarters, Forest Practice Inspector, or other designated personnel. Note: Authority cited: Sections 4551, 4551.5, 4553 and 4604, Public Resources Code. Reference: 4551, 4551.5 and 4582, Public Resources Code.

## HISTORY

1. New section filed 7-28-88; operative 8-27-88 (Register 88, No. 32).

## § 1036. Deviations.

- (a) "Minor deviations" means any change, minor in scope, in a plan which can reasonably be presumed not to make a significant change in the conduct of timber operations and which can reasonably be expected not to significantly adversely affect timberland productivity or values relating to soil, water quality, watershed, wildlife, fisheries, range and forage, recreation, and aesthetic enjoyment.
- (b) All other changes are presumed to be substantial deviations because they could significantly affect the conduct of timber operations and potentially could have a significant adverse affect on timber productivity or values relating to soil, water quality, watershed, wildlife, fisheries, range and forage, recreation, and aesthetic enjoyment. Such actions include, but are not limited to:
- (1) Change in location of timber harvesting operations or enlargement of the area to be cut.
- (2) Change in the silvicultural method and cutting system on any portion of the plan area.
- (3) Change in type or location of logging (yarding) system or basic type of equipment.
- (4) Change in location, nature or increase in length of proposed logging roads incorporating one or more of the following criteria:
- (A) Any road in the Stream Protection Zone or where sidecast will extend into the Stream Protection Zone.

## NOTICE OF INTENT TO HARVEST TIMBER

A timber Harvesting Plan or an amendment to an existing plan that may be of interest to you has been submitted to the California Department of Forestry & Fire Protection. The Department will be reviewing the proposed timber operation for compliance with various laws and rules. This review requires the addressing of any concerns you may have with what is being proposed. The following briefly describes the proposed operation and where and how to get more information.

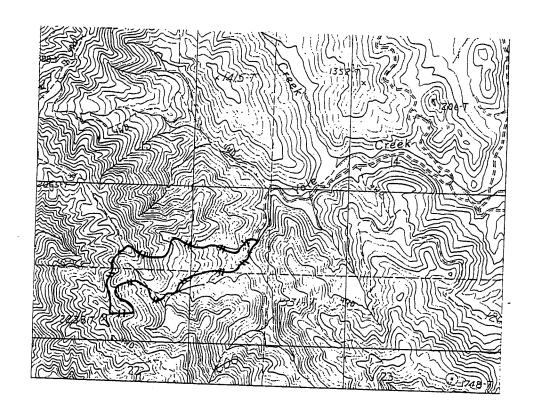
The review times given to the Department to review the proposed timber operation are variable in length, but limited. To ensure the Department receives your comments please read the following. The earliest possible date the Department may approve the plan or amendment is: NOTE:. THIS DATE IS PROBABLY NOT THE ACTUAL APPROVAL DATE AND CLOSE OF PUBLIC COMMENT. Normally a much longer period of time is available for preparation of comments. Please check with the Department, prior to the above listed date, to determine the date the actual public comment period closes. The plan or amendment was submitted to the Department on: Questions about the proposed timber operations or laws and rules governing timber operations should be directed to: California Department of Forestry & Fire Protection Forest Practice Program 135 Ridgeway Avenue (PO Box 670) Santa Rosa, CA 95402 (707) 576-2275 The public may review the plan or amendment at the above Department office or purchase a copy of the plan or amendment. The cost to obtain a copy is 12.5 cents for each page, \$2.50 minimum per request. (To be completed by the Department upon Receipt. The cost to obtain a copy of the plan or amendment is:\_ Information about the plan or amendment follows: Timber land owner where the timber operation is to occur:\_\_\_ Mr. Fred Galbreath Lee Susan RPF #2127 Registered Professional Forester who prepared the plan or amendment: Mr. Charles Hiatt Name of the individual who submitted the plan or amendment:\_\_\_ 4 Location of the proposed timber operation (county, legal description, approximate location & approximate distance of the timber operation from the nearest community or well-known landmark): Portion of Sections 15,& 22, T12N, R13W, MDB&M, Mendocino County The plan area is located approximately 4 miles southwest of the town of Yorkville. The name and distance from the nearest perennial stream and major watercourse flowing through or downstream from the timber operation: Portions of the plan area are adjacent to Yale Creek. Acres proposed to be harvested:\_ The regeneration methods and/or intermediate treatments to be used: Selection, Rehabilitation and Alternative Prescription Is there a known overhead power line, except lines from transformers or service panels, within the plan area? A map is attached to help in locating where the proposed timber operation is to occur. FOR DEPARTMENT USE ONLY DATE OF RECEIPT TIMBER HARVEST PLAN NO. January 1, 1996 (Coast)

# MAP TO ACCOMPANY TIMBER NOTICE OF INTENT

Yale Creek #2

T12N Ornbaun Valley 7.5 minute quadrangle

**R13W** 



LEGEND
Timber Harvest Boundary....

Map Scale is 1" = 2000'

North

# ADJACENT OWNER INFORMATION IN MAILING LABEL FORMAT

Edward & Parrett Stephens 20177 Fish Rock Road Yorkville, CA 95494 William & Arleen Barr 20111 Fish Rock Road Yorkville, CA 95494

# PROOF OF PUBLICATION

(2015.5 C.C.P.)

# STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF MENDOCINO

I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to or interested in the above- entitled matter. I am the principal clerk of the printer of the Ukiah Daily Journal, a newspaper of general circulation, printed and published daily except Saturday in the City of Ukiah, County of Mendocino and which newspaper has been adjudged a newspaper of general circulation by the Superior Court of the County of Mendocino, State of California, under the date of September 22, 1952, Case Number 9267; that the notice, of which the annexed is a printed copy (set in type not smaller than non-pareil), has been published in each regular and entire issue of said newspaper and not in any supplement thereof on the following dates, to wit:

# OCTOBER 14

all in the year 1998.

I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated at Ukiah, California, this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_ 1998.

Jucy K Franch LEGAL CLERK This space is for the County Clerk's Filing Stamp

# AN ADDENDUM NOV 2 0 1998

	<del></del>	
Proof of Pub	lication of:	
	PUBLIC NOTICE	
	2	

PUBLIC NOTICE

801-98

10-14/98

NOTICE
A Timber: Harvest Plan is being prepared in the Yale, Creek Drainage. The legal description of the proposed plan area is as follows: portion of Sections 15, 22 and 23, T12N, R13W, MDBM Information is being requested concerning the presence of domestic water supplies which use this water-course as their source. Please provide any pertinent information within 10 days from the date of his publication to: Summit Forestry, 16575; Franklin Road Fort Bragg, CA 95437

# Summit Forestry

AN ADDENDUM NOV 2 0 1998

16575 Franklin Road Fort Bragg, CA 95437 (707) 964-4566

October 14, 1998

William & Arleen Barr 20111 Fish Rock Road Yorkville, CA 95494

Dear Neighbor,

A timber harvest plan is being prepared on private property which is located in the Yale Creek drainage. I am requesting information concerning domestic water supplies which use this stream as the source. If you know of any such domestic water supplies please contact me within 10 days of the date on which this letter was postmarked. The legal description for the area where timber harvest is to occur is as follows: portion of Sections 15, 22 & 23, T12N, R13W, M.D.B.M. A preliminary map of the proposed harvest area is enclosed for your reference. This notice is being sent to you because you are listed as a landowner within 1000' downstream or down slope from the proposed harvest area. Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely yours,

Čurtis Tyler

Forestry Technician

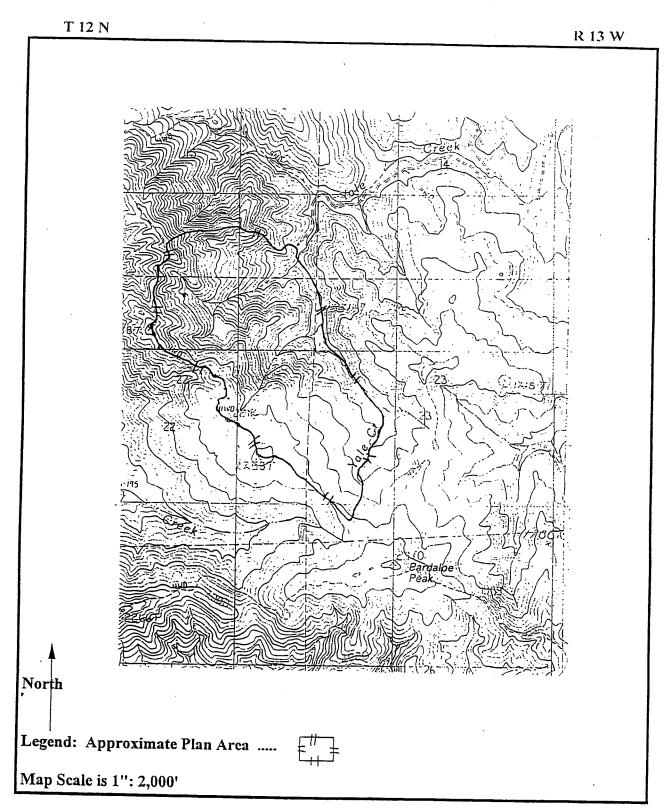
For

Lee Susan

RPF #2127

# MAP TO ACCOMPANY TIMBER HARVEST PLAN

Yale Creek #2 1998



# Summit Ferestry

Lee Susan 16575 Franklin Roa Fort Bragg, CA 954 (707) 964-4566 summit@mcn.org

December 3, 1998

Mr. Fred Galbreath P.O Box 188 Kentfield, CA 94904

Dear Mr. Galbreath,

The THP which we realty per the California Department of I owner signs a THP or location (copy attaches signature.

attly per the California Department of I or location (copy attaches signature).

PRC 4582 specifies a TE landowner is notified the T technical requirement will should be accepted for ling.

Please give me a call you we this matter. Charlie is at of the returns.

Lu fun

Sincerely yours,

- Lee Susan Forester #2127 ortion of your Yorkville Ranch is being submitted to ir review and approval. Ordinarily the property ons. In this case your signature only appears in one will accept the THP for filing with only one

ted without the landowners signature if the etter. The purpose of this letter is to meet that o CDF with a copy of this letter and the plan

inferently or if you have any questions concerning ays so I will explain the circumstance to him when

Sent Centified Return Receipt. L.S. 12/3/98

cc: Charles Hiatt

EVIEW TEAM CHAIRMAN'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR TIMBER HARVESTING PLAN OR AMENDMENT NO: 1-98-415 MEN DATE: February 03, 1999

PAGE:

RT OF PLAN

- To provide additional protection to the beneficial uses of water, at the landing located just 1. below spring SP2, prior to the use of the landing, the LTO shall place brow logs or straw. bales adjacent to the channel which bisects the landing.
- 2. At Area D, where the RPF proposes a Class III diversion, prior to the beginning of the Director's 10 working day THP determination period (14 CCR 1037.4), the RPF shall submit a description and sketch map of the proposed diversion at Area D.
- At tractor road crossing TC1, upon completion of timber operations, the LTO shall install 3. a 2-ft. to 3-ft. berm on the eastern approach to the crossing to ensure the Class II watercourse is not diverted down the tractor road.
- At Crossings C2 and C3, a layer of straw, filter fabric, or clean rock shall be placed in the 4. channel by the LTO prior to installation of the crossings to ensure that all fill material is removed back to the original channel grade upon removal of the crossing.
- No sidecast shall be deposited by the LTO during road reconstruction between Crossings 5. C2 and C3.
- 6. Road reconstruction at Map Points W1 and W2, including installation and removal of Crossings C2, C3, and C4, shall occur only once in the life of the THP.
- 7. The Northern Spotted Owl No-Take Certification shall be effective until March 1, 1999. No timber operations shall be conducted after that date until an extension of the No-Take Certification is obtained from the Department of Fish and Game and made part of the THP by filing a minor deviation.
- 8. The RPF shall designate the LTO(s) responsible for roads and landings reconstruction, construction, and maintenance in the THP area(s) and on appurtenant road(s); this action shall be in the form of a minor deviation (14 CCR 1040) submitted in writing to the

I agree to the above mitigation measures.

RECEIVED

FEB 0 9 1999

COAST AREA OFFICE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT RPF's Signature

RPF's Typed or Printed Name

Additional THP Page 20.2

KEVIEW TEAM CHAIRMAN'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR TIMBER HARVESTING PLAN OR AMENDMENT NO: 1-98-415 MEN

DATE:

February 03, 1999

PAGE:

2

Director prior to any road and landing reconstruction, construction, and maintenance. If multiple LTO's are listed, their responsibilities shall be defined in the minor deviation. If the RPF on the THP does not have the authority under THP Item #13 (c) to submit minor deviations (commonly called "minor amendments"), the <u>Plan Submitter</u> shall be responsible for accomplishing this mitigation measure.

This mitigation measure is to clarify the LTO(s) responsible for roads and landings construction, reconstruction and maintenance. (14 CCR 923.7, 963.7)

9. Prior to the beginning of the Director's 10 working day THP determination period (14 CCR 1037.4), the RPF shall revise the THP pages and pagination as the same information presented on page 48.1 (revised 01-07-99) is also on page 49 (revised 01-20-99); page 49 as revised 01-07-99 is now submitted as page 50 (revised 01-20-99); and the assessment map on page 50 as revised 01-07-99 is now replaced by page 50 (revised 01-20-99) the cumulative effects reference list.

# PART OF PLAN

RECEIVED

FEB 0 9 1999

COAST AREA OFFICE
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Additional THP Page 20.3

# DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY AND FIRE PROTECTION

17501 N Highway 101 Willits, CA 95490 (707) 459-7440

February 11, 2005

FRED GALBREATH ESTATE 90 CULLODEN PARK RD SAN RAFAEL, CA 94901

## NOTICE OF INSPECTION

Section 4604 of the Public Resources Code (PRC) requires the department to inspect timber operations for compliance with the Forest Practice Act and Rules of the Board of Forestry.

Harvest Document: 1-98-415-MENYALE CREEK #2 Inspection Date: February 11, 2005 Inspection Number: 2 Person Contacted: CHARLES HYATT

Final Completion and Stocking Inspection - no violations observed on the area inspected.

The timber harvest area shown on the attached map meets the minimum stocking standards of 14 CCR 913.2 (a) (2) (A) (2).

Pursuant to 14 CCR 1050, erosion controls to include drainage structures and drainage facilities, inspection and maintenance shall be performed for a prescribed maintenance period of one to three years from the date CDF received the Timber Operations Work Completion Report. The LTO is responsible for proper construction, inspection and maintenance of erosion controls during the prescribed maintenance period until the Work Completion Report, as described in PRC 4585, is approved by the Director. The landowner is responsible for inspection and any needed repair and maintenance of erosion controls during the remainder of the prescribed maintenance period. Responsibility for erosion controls maintenance may be assumed at an earlier date by the landowner or can be delegated to a third party provided that the assuming party acknowledges such responsibility in writing to the Director [14 CCR 1050(c)]. The landowner's responsibility for the remainder of the prescribed maintenance period starts on the date of this Work Completion Report CDF Inspection.

The completed plan area shall have a prescribed maintenance period through November 15, 2007 2007

If you have any questions, please contact Ken Margiott at (707) 895-2018

Loyde Johnson, Unit Chief, Mendocino Unit

Kenneth J. Margiott RPF # 2671
Area Forester, Resource Management

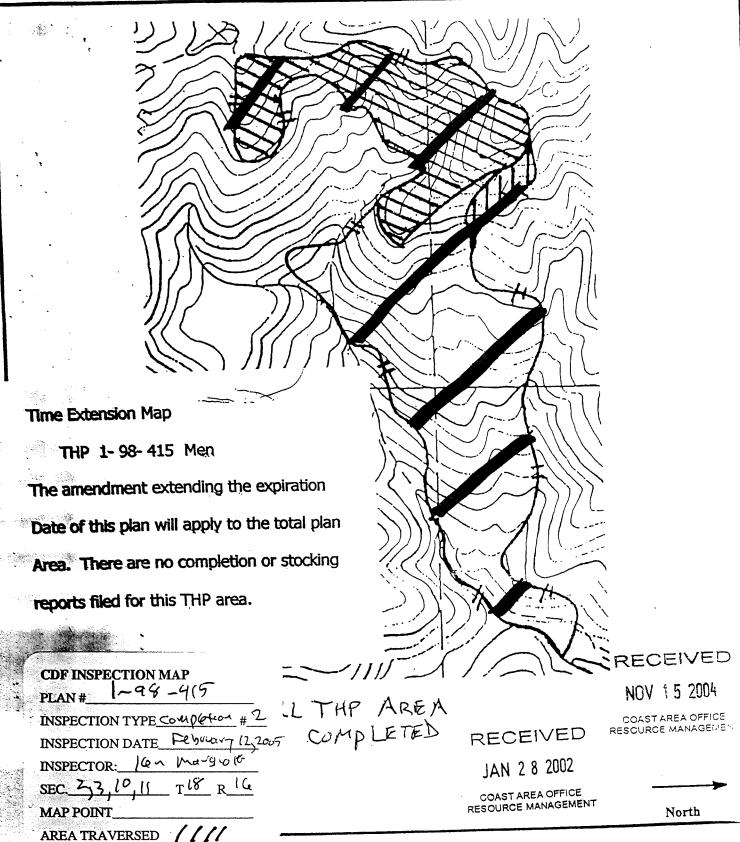
ce: Unit, Region, CDF Inspector, Timberland Owner, RPF, LTO

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NOV 2 0 1998

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R 13 W



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Admin. Use Only

State of California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Completion/Stocking Report RM - 71 (Rev. 01/00) Page One of Three

NOV 15 2004

Unit, App., DF&G, WQCB, Boyof Equipment

Date Received: NOV 1 5 2004 Date Approved:

Date Sent to B.O.E.:

TIMBER OPERATIONS WORK COMPLETION AND/OR STOCKING REPORT (As per Div. 4, Chap. 8, Section 4585 and 4587 PRC, and Title 14 CCR Sections 1070 - 1075)

Certification By Timber Owner or Agent: I certify that the declarations herein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I am notifying the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection of the status of compliance with the completion and stocking requirements of the Forest Practice Act and rules of the Board of Forestry and Fire Protection for: Harvest Document Number:

Harvest document includes a Timber Harvesting Plan (THP), a Nonindustrial Timber Management Plan's Notice of Timber Operations (NTO), a Less Than Three Acre Conversion Exemption (EX), or an Emergency Notice (EM). For Timberland Conversion Permits (TCP), include the THP Number above, as well as the Conversion Permit No .:

Completion Report	ΙL

& Original to R.O. on.

X	Final Completion Report. On (date): 2 9 04 all work on the operation was completed, and no further harvesting shall be conducted.
[]	Partial Completion Report. On (date):  plan as shown on the attached map was completed. Additional harvesting is anticipated on the remaining portion of the logging area. Only one partial completion report may be accepted by the CDF during any calendar year.
[]	NTMP-NTO Completion Report. On (date):all work on this NTO was completed for this calendar year. Additional harvesting is anticipated in following years.
[ ]	EX Completion Report. On (date):all work on this <u>Less</u> Than Three Acre Conversion Exemption was completed. No stocking report is required.
[]	TCP Completion Report. On (date):all work on this Timberland Conversion Permit was completed. No stocking report is required.

Stocking Report: The area declared as complete in this report or a previously approved completion report meets all of the stocking requirements of the Forest Practice Act and rules of the Board of Forestry and Fire Protection. The stocking status after completion of timber operations was determined by:

One of the sampling procedures adopted by the Board of Forestry and Fire Protection. The [ ] identification of the person sampling, plot data, and a map of the area sampled are attached.

Physical examination of the area by the timber owner or the agent thereof after completion of timber operations determined that the area's stocking obviously meet the requirements of the Forest Practice Rules and a waiver of stocking sampling is requested.

As stated in the harvest document, the area was substantially damaged as per 14 CCR 1080.1, [ ] and only dead, down, or dying trees were salvaged, or the Site Class is IV or V, hence no. restocking is required.

Department of Forestry and Fire Protection COMPLETION AND/OR STOCKING REPORT Page Two of Three

Harvest Document Number: RECEIVED

	NOV 1 5 2004
This	COAST AREA OFFICE Entire operating area covered by the harvest document.  Entire operating area covered by this completion report, or the completion report previously submitted on (date):  Part of the operating area for which this completion report is submitted.
A m	ap indicating the area completed (if the actual area harvested is less than approved) and/or stocked
form	
Sign	Date Print Name
·	P.O. BOX 595 BOONVILLE CA 95415
	ress City, State, and Zip Code
	107 895 2403
Tele	ephone Number (with Area Code) RPF License Number, if appropriate
	DIRECTOR'S CERTIFICATION
Rep	ort In Conformance
[.]	The Director has determined that all of the requirements of the Forest Practice Act and rules of the Board of Forestry and Fire Protection have been completed <u>except</u> stocking for the area described in this report. Erosion control maintenance is required for at least one year following the submission of this report, or until stocking is met, whichever is later, and it may be extended to three years.
[]	The area described by this report has been found to meet all of the requirements of the Forest Practice Act and forest practice rules <u>including</u> stocking as shown on the attached map. Erosion control maintenance is required for at least one year following the submission of this report, or until stocking is met for the entire area of the harvest document, whichever is later, and it may be extended to three years.
[×]	The area described by this report has been found to meet all of the requirements of the Forest Practice Act and forest practice rules including stocking for the entire area as shown on the THP (or other harvest document) Map. Erosion control maintenance is required for at least one year following the submission of this report, and it may be extended to three years.
Rep	ort Not In Conformance
[]	The area described by this report has been found <u>not to be in compliance</u> with the Forest Practice Act and forest practice rules. See attached documents for further information. A new completion and/or stocking report must be submitted upon completion of the work required in the documents attached.
[ ]	The Director has determined that the <u>stocking</u> requirements of the Forest Practice Act and forest practice rules <u>have not been met.</u> See attached documents for further information. A new completion and/or stocking report must be submitted upon completion of the work required in the documents attached.

# MAP TO ACCOMPANY TIMBER HARVEST PLAN Yale Creek #2 1998

PLAN ADDENDUM NOV 2 0 1998

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R 13 W

